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# PRESSURA™ CLEAN ROOM PRESSURE MONITOR/CONTROLLER W/LON/BACNET®

MODELS 8631-CRM/8631-CRM-BAC/  
8631-CRC/8631-CRC-BAC

OPERATION AND SERVICE MANUAL



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## How to Use This Manual

The PresSura™ controller/monitor Operation and Service Manual is divided into two parts. [Part One](#) describes how the PresSura unit functions and how to interface with the device. This section should be read by users, facilities staff, and anyone who requires a basic understanding of how the PresSura controller/monitor operates.

[Part two](#) describes the technical aspects of the product which includes operation, calibration, configuration, maintenance, and troubleshooting. Part Two should be read by personnel programming or maintaining the unit. TSI recommends thoroughly reading this manual before changing any software items.

**NOTE:** This operation and service manual assumes proper PresSura controller/monitor installation. Refer to the Installation Instructions to determine if the PresSura controller/monitor has been properly installed.

# PART ONE

## User Basics

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Reading product manuals should not be a difficult and time-consuming process. This section provides a brief but thorough overview of the PresSura product by maximizing information with minimal reading. These few pages explain the purpose (The Instrument), and the operation (Useful User Information, Digital Interface Module, Alarms) of the unit. Technical product information is available in Part Two of the manual. The manual focuses on hospital isolation rooms, but the product information is accurate for any room pressure application.

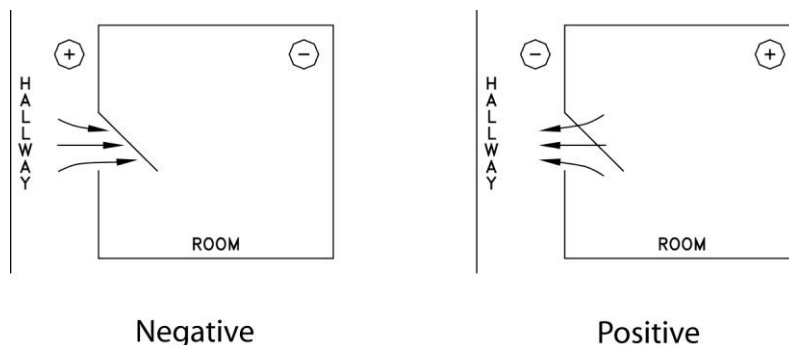
## The Instrument

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PresSura controller/monitor measures and reports “room pressure.” Proper room pressure can control airborne contaminants that can adversely affect patients and hospital staff. For example, tuberculosis (TB) isolation rooms need negative room pressure (air flowing into the room), to minimize TB exposure to staff and other patients. Conversely, surgical areas and bone marrow patient rooms need positive room pressure (air flowing out of the room), to keep out contaminants that may adversely affect the patient.

Room pressure, or pressure differential, is created when one space (hallway) is at a different pressure than an adjoining space (patient room). When a pressure differential is created between two spaces, air is forced to flow from the higher pressure space to the lower pressure space. The direction of air flow is one component of proper room pressure. The second component of room pressure is the speed or how fast the air is moving between the two spaces. The PresSura controller/monitor provides both pieces of information by measuring whether the air is flowing into or out of a room, and the speed of the air.

Negative room pressure is present when air flows from a hallway/ante room into the patient room. If air flows from the patient room into the hallway/ante room the room is under positive pressure. Figure 1 gives a graphic example of positive and negative room pressure.



**Figure 1: Room Pressure**

An example of negative pressure is a bathroom with an exhaust fan. When the fan is turned on, air is exhausted out of the room creating a slight negative pressure in the bathroom compared to the hallway. This pressure differential forces air to flow from the hallway into the bathroom.

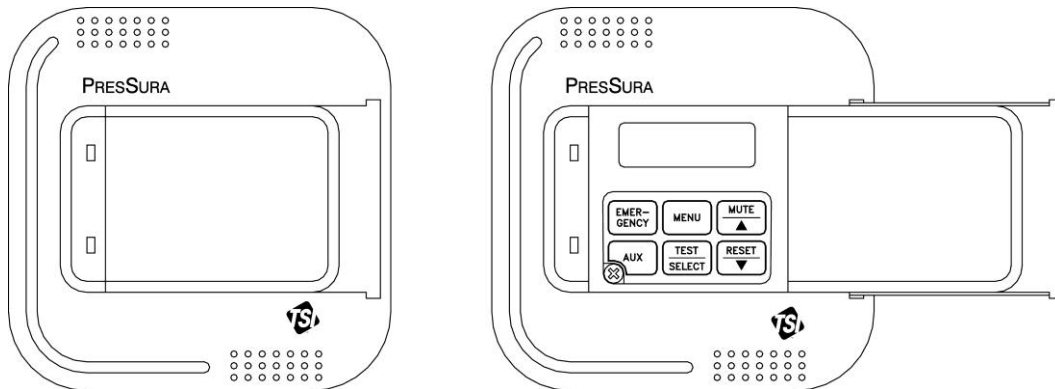
The PresSura device informs the staff when the room is under proper pressure and provides alarms when the room pressure is inadequate. If the room pressure is in the safe range, a green light is on. If the pressure is inadequate, a red alarm light and audible alarm turns on.

The PresSura controller/monitor consists of two pieces: a pressure sensor and a Digital Interface Module (DIM). The pressure sensor is mounted above the doorway entrance to the isolation room. Usually the DIM is mounted near the entrance to the isolation room or at the nursing station. The pressure sensor continuously measures the room pressure and provides room pressure information to the DIM. The DIM continuously reports the room pressure and activates the alarms when necessary. PresSura controller/monitor is a continuous measuring system providing instant information on the room pressure.

### Useful User Information

The DIM has a green light and red light to indicate room pressure status. The green light is on when the room has proper room pressure. The red light comes on when an alarm condition exists.

Sliding the door panel to the right reveals a digital display and keypad (Figure 2). The display shows detailed information about room pressure, alarms, etc. The keypad allows you to test the device, put the device into emergency mode, and program or change the device parameters.



**Figure 2: Digital Interface Module (DIM)**

PresSura controller/monitor has two levels of user information:

1. PresSura controller/monitor has a red light and green light to provide continuous information on room pressure status.
2. PresSura controller/monitor has a hidden operator panel providing detailed room status information, self-testing capabilities, and access to the software programming functions.

**NOTE:** The unit provides continuous room pressure status through the red and green light. The operator panel is normally closed unless further information on room pressure status is needed, or software programming is required.



### User Keys - Gray with Black Letters

The four keys with black letters provide you information without changing the operation or the function of the unit.

#### TEST Key

The **TEST** key initiates an instrument self-test. Pressing the **TEST** key activates a scrolling sequence on the display that shows the product model number, software version, and all set point and alarm values. The unit then performs a self test that tests the display, indicator lights, audible alarm, and internal electronics to ensure they are operating properly. If a problem with the unit exists, **DATA ERROR** will be displayed. You should have qualified personnel determine the problem with the unit.

#### RESET Key

The **RESET** key performs three functions. 1) Resets the alarm light, alarm contacts, and audible alarm when in a latched or non automatic reset mode. The room pressure must be in the safe or normal range before the **RESET** key will operate. 2) Resets the emergency function after the emergency key has been pressed (see [EMERGENCY](#) key). 3) Clears any displayed error messages.

#### MUTE Key

The **MUTE** key temporarily silences the audible alarm. The time the alarm is temporarily silenced is programmable by you (see [MUTE TIMEOUT](#)). When the mute period ends, the audible alarm turns back on if the alarm condition is still present. NOTE: You can program the audible alarm to be permanently turned off (see [AUDIBLE ALM](#)).

#### AUX Key

The **AUX** key is active only in specialty applications and is not used on the standard PresSura controller/monitor. If the **AUX** key is used, a separate manual supplement will explain the **AUX** key function.

### Programming Keys - Gray with Blue Characters

The four keys with blue print are used to program or configure the unit to fit a particular application.

**WARNING:** Pressing these keys will change how the unit functions, so please thoroughly review the manual before changing menu items.

#### MENU Key

The **MENU** key performs three functions. 1) Provides access to the menus when in the normal operating mode. 2) When the unit is being programmed, the **MENU** key acts as an escape key to remove you from an item or menu, without saving data. 3) Returns the unit to the normal operating mode. The **MENU** key is further described in the **Software Programming** section of this manual.

#### SELECT Key

The **SELECT** key performs three functions. 1) Provides access to specific menus. 2) Provides access to menu items. 3) Saves data. Pressing the key when finished with a menu item will save the data, and exit you out of the menu item.

### ▲/▼ Keys

The ▲/▼ keys are used to scroll through the menus, menu items, and through the range of item values that can be selected. Depending on the item type the values may be numerical, specific properties (on / off), or a bar graph.

## Emergency Key - Red with Black Letters

### EMERGENCY Key

The red **EMERGENCY** key puts the controller into emergency mode. If the room is under negative room pressure control, the emergency mode will maximize the negative pressure. Conversely, if the room is under positive room pressure control the emergency mode will maximize the positive pressure.

Pressing the **EMERGENCY** key will cause the display to flash "EMERGENCY", the red alarm light to flash on and off, and the audible alarm to beep intermittently. To return to control mode press the **EMERGENCY** key or the **RESET** key.

## Alarms

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PresSura controller/monitor has visual (red light) and audible alarms to inform you of changing conditions. The alarm levels (set points) are determined by hospital personnel, which could be the infection control group, charge nurse, or a facilities group depending on the hospital organization.

The alarms, audible and visual, will activate whenever the preset alarm level is reached. Depending on the PresSura model installed, programmed alarms will activate when room pressure is low or inadequate, when room pressure is high or too great, or when the supply or exhaust air flow is insufficient. When the isolation room is operating safely, no alarms will sound.

Example: The low alarm is preset to activate when the room pressure reaches -0.001 inches H<sub>2</sub>O. When the room pressure drops below -0.001 inches H<sub>2</sub>O (gets closer to zero), the audible and visual alarms activate. The alarms turn off (when set to unlatched) when the unit returns to the safe range which is defined as negative pressure greater than -0.001 inches H<sub>2</sub>O.

### Visual Alarm Operation

The red light on the front of the unit indicates an alarm condition. The red light is on for all alarm conditions, low alarms, high alarms, and emergency. The light is on continuously in a low or high alarm condition, and flashes in an emergency condition.

### Audible Alarm Operation- EMERGENCY key

When the **EMERGENCY** key is pressed, the audible alarm beeps intermittently until the **EMERGENCY** or **RESET** key is pressed terminating the emergency alarm. The emergency alarm cannot be silenced by pressing the **MUTE** key.

### Audible Alarms - All Except Emergency

The audible alarm is continuously on in all low and high alarm conditions. The audible alarm can be temporarily silenced by pressing the **MUTE** key. The alarm will be silent for a period of time (see [MUTE TIMEOUT](#) to program time period). When the timeout period ends, the audible alarm turns back on if the alarm condition is still present.



You can program the audible alarm to be permanently turned off (see [AUDIBLE ALM](#)). The red alarm light will still turn on in alarm conditions when audible alarm is turned off.

The audible and visual alarms can be programmed to either automatically turn off when the unit returns to the safe range or to stay in alarm until the **RESET** key is pressed (See [ALARM RESET](#)).

## **Before Calling TSI**

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The manual should answer most questions and resolve most problems you may encounter. If you need assistance or further explanation, contact your local TSI representative or TSI. TSI is committed to providing high quality products backed by outstanding service.

Please have the following information available prior to contacting your authorized TSI Manufacturer's Representative or TSI:

- Model number of unit\*                      8631-\_\_\_\_\_
- Software revision level\*
- Facility where unit is installed

\* First two items that scroll when **TEST** key is pressed

## PART TWO

### **Technical Section**

---

The PresSura™ controller/monitor is ready to use after being properly installed. The pressure sensor is factory calibrated prior to shipping, and should not need adjustment. The Digital Interface Module (DIM) is programmed with a default configuration that can be easily modified to fit your application.

The Technical section is separated into 5 parts that cover all aspects of the unit. Each section is written as independently as possible to minimize flipping back and forth through the manual for an answer.

The [Software Programming](#) section explains the programming keys on the DIM. In addition, the programming sequence is described, which is the same regardless of the menu item being changed. At the end of this section is an example of how to program the DIM.

The [Menu and Menu Item](#) section lists all of the software items available to program and change. The items are grouped by menu which means all set points are in one menu, alarm items in another, etc. The menu items and all related information including programming name, description of menu of item, range of programmable values, and how the unit shipped from the factory (default values). This manual covers two models. The features unique to the monitor unit are detailed in Figure 5. The features unique to the controller unit are detailed in Figure 6.

The [Calibration](#) section describes the required technique to compare the pressure sensor reading to a thermal anemometer, and how to adjust the zero and span to obtain an accurate calibration. This section also describes how to zero a TSI flow station transducer.

The [Maintenance and Repair Part](#) section covers all routine maintenance of equipment, along with a list of repair parts.

The [Troubleshooting](#) section is split into two areas: Mechanical operation of the unit and system performance. Many external variables will affect how the unit functions so it is critical to first determine if the unit is having mechanical problems - i.e. no display on unit, remote alarms don't function, dampers don't modulate, etc. If problems still exist, look for performance problems (i.e., doesn't seem to read correctly, display fluctuates, etc.). The first step is to determine that the system is mechanically operating correctly, followed by modifying the configuration to eliminate the performance problems.

### **Software Programming**

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Programming the PresSura controller/monitor is quick and easy if the programming keys are understood, and the proper keystroke procedure is followed. The programming keys are defined first, followed by the required keystroke procedure. At the end of this section is a programming example.

**NOTE:** It is important to note that the unit is always operating (except when checking the control output) when programming. When a menu item value is changed, the new value takes effect *immediately* after saving the change, not when the unit returns to normal operating mode.

This section covers programming the instrument through the keypad and display. If programming through RS-485 communications, use the host computer's procedure. The changes take place immediately upon saving data in the instrument.

### Programming Keys

The four keys with blue characters (refer to Figure 4) are used to program or configure the unit to fit your particular application. Programming the instrument will change how the unit functions, so thoroughly review the items to be changed.

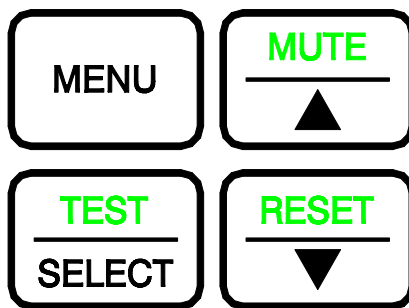


Figure 4. Programming Keys.

#### MENU Key

The **MENU** key has three functions.

1. The **MENU** key is used to gain access to the menus when the unit is in the normal operating mode. Pressing the key once will exit the normal operating mode and enter the programming mode. When the **MENU** key is first pressed, the first two menus are listed
2. When the unit is being programmed, the **MENU** key acts like an escape key.
  - When scrolling through the main menu, pressing the **MENU** key will return the unit to standard operating mode.
  - When scrolling through the items on a menu, pressing the **MENU** key will return you to the list of menus.
  - When changing data in a menu item, pressing the **MENU** key will escape out of the item without saving changes.
3. When programming is complete, pressing the **MENU** key will return the unit to normal operating mode.

#### SELECT Key

The **SELECT** key has three functions.

1. The **SELECT** key is used to gain access to specific menus. To access a menu, scroll through the menus (using arrow keys) and place the flashing cursor on the desired menu. Press the **SELECT** key to select the menu. The first line on the

display will now be the selected menu, and the second line will show the first menu item.

2. The **SELECT** key is used to gain access to specific menu items. To access a menu item scroll through the menu items until item appears. Press the **SELECT** key and the menu item will now appear on the first line of the display, and the second line will show the item value.
3. Pressing the **SELECT** key when finished changing an item will save the data, and exit back to the menu items. An audible tone (3 beeps) and visual display (“saving data”) gives confirmation data is being saved.

#### **▲/▼ Keys**

The ▲/▼ keys are used to scroll through the menus, menu items, and through the range of item values that can be selected. Depending on the item type the values may be numerical, specific properties (on / off), or a bar graph.

**NOTE:** When programming a menu item, continuously pressing the arrow key will scroll through the values faster than if arrow key is pressed and released.

#### **Keystroke Procedure**

The keystroke operation is consistent for all menus. The sequence of keystrokes to follow is the same regardless of the menu item being changed.

1. Press the **MENU** key to access the main menu.
2. Use the ▲/▼ keys to scroll through the menu choices. The blinking cursor needs to be on the first letter of the menu you want to access.
3. Press the **SELECT** key to access chosen menu.
4. The menu selected is now displayed on line one, and the first menu item is displayed on line 2. Use the ▲/▼ keys to scroll through the menu items. Scroll through the menu items until desired item is displayed.
5. Press the **SELECT** key to access chosen item. The top line of display shows menu item selected, while the second line shows current item value.
6. Use the ▲/▼ keys to change item value.
7. Save the new value by pressing the **SELECT** key (pressing the **MENU** key will exit out of menu function without saving data).
8. Press the **MENU** key to exit current menu, and return to main menu.
9. Press the **MENU** key again to return to normal instrument operation.

If more than one item is to be changed, skip steps 8 and 9 until all changes are complete. If more items in the same menu are to be changed, scroll to them after saving the data (step 7). If other menus need to be accessed, press the **MENU** key once to access list of menus. The instrument is now at step 2 of the keystroke sequence.

### Programming Example

The following example demonstrates the keystroke sequence explained above. In this example the positive pressure low alarm set point will be changed from +0.00035 inches H<sub>2</sub>O to +0.00050 inches H<sub>2</sub>O.

① Unit is in normal operation scrolling room pressure, flows, etc. Pressure is shown in this case:

PRESSURE  
+.00085" H<sub>2</sub>O

② Press the **MENU** key to gain access to the menus.

MENU

The first 2 menu choices are displayed.

SETPOINTS  
ALARM

③ Press the ▼ key once. Blinking cursor should be on A of Alarm. Press the **SELECT** key to access the ALARM menu.

SELECT

**NOTE:** Blinking cursor must be on A in Alarm.

Line 1 shows menu selected.  
Line 2 shows first menu item.

ALARM  
NEG LOW ALM

④ Press the ▼ key until POS LOW ALM is shown on display.

▼

Menu selected  
Item name

ALARM  
POS LOW ALM

⑤ Press the **SELECT** key to access the positive low alarm set point. The item name (POS LOW ALM) will now be displayed on line 1, and the item's current value will be displayed on line 2.

SELECT

Item Name  
Current Value

POS LOW ALM  
+.00035" H<sub>2</sub>O

⑥ Press the ▲ key to change the positive low alarm set point to 0.00050 inches H<sub>2</sub>O.

▲

POS LOW ALM  
+.00050" H<sub>2</sub>O

- 7 Press the **SELECT** key to save the new positive low alarm set point.

SELECT

Three short beeps will sound indicating that the data is being saved.

POS LOW ALM  
Saving Data

Immediately after the data is saved, the PresSura controller/monitor will return to the menu level displaying the menu title on the top line of the display and the menu item on the bottom line (goes to step 3).

ALARM  
POS LOW ALM

**WARNING:** If the **MENU** key was pressed instead of the **SELECT** key, the new data would not have been saved, and the PresSura controller/monitor would have escaped back to the menu level shown in step 3.

- 8 Press the **MENU** key once to return to the menu level:

MENU

ALARM  
CONFIGURE

- 9 Press the **MENU** key a second time to return to the normal operating level:

MENU

Unit is now back in normal operation

PRESSURE  
+.00085" H<sub>2</sub>O

## Menu and Menu Items

---

The PresSura controller/monitor is a very versatile device which can be configured to meet your specific application. This section lists all of the menu items available to program and change (except diagnostics menu). Changing any item is accomplished by using the keypad, or if communications are installed through the LonWorks® Communications port. If you are unfamiliar with the keystroke procedure please see [Software Programming](#) for a detailed explanation. This section provides the following information:

- Complete list of menu and all menu items
- Gives the menu or programming name
- Defines each menu item's function; what it does, how it does it, etc.
- Gives the range of values that can be programmed
- Gives default item value (how it shipped from factory)

The menus covered in this section are divided into groups of related items to ease programming. As an example all set points are in one menu, alarm information in another, etc. The manual follows the menus as programmed in the controller. The menu items are always grouped by menu and then listed in menu item order, not alphabetical order. Figure 5 shows a chart of all the Model 8631-CRM monitor menu items. Figure 6 shows the menu items available on the Model 8631-CRC controller.

---

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**ALARM**

LOW ALARM  
HIGH ALARM  
2 LOW ALM  
2 HIGH ALM  
MIN SUP ALM  
ALARM RESET  
AUDIBLE ALM  
ALARM DELAY  
MUTE TIMEOUT

**CONFIGURE**

DISPLAY AVG  
UNITS  
ROOM VOLUME  
2 SENSOR  
ACCESS CODES

**CALIBRATION**

SENSOR ZERO  
SENSOR SPAN  
2SENSOR ZERO  
2SENSOR SPAN  
SUP 1 ZERO  
SUP 2 ZERO  
ELEVATION

**INTERFACE**

LON\*\*  
MAC\_ADDRESS\*\*  
OUTPUT SIG

**DIAGNOSTICS \***

PRESS AOUT  
SENSOR IN  
SENSOR STAT  
2SENSOR IN  
2SENSOR STAT  
SUP 1 INPUT  
SUP 2 INPUT  
ALARM RELAY

**PRESSURE**

SENSOR TYPE  
MAX OUT SIG  
MAX OUT VAL

**FLOW**

SUP1 AREA  
SUP2 AREA  
SUP1 KFACTOR  
SUP2 KFACTOR  
SENSOR TYPE  
MAX OUT SIG  
MAX OUT VAL

\* Menu items located in Troubleshooting section.

\*\* LON only appears as a menu option for the 8631 that includes a LonWorks® board. MAC ADDRESS only appears as a menu option for the 8631 that includes a BACnet® board.

**Figure 5: Menu Items - Model 8631-CRM Monitor**

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**SETPOINTS**

SETPOINT  
SUPPLY SETPT

**ALARM**

LOW ALARM  
HIGH ALARM  
2 LOW ALM  
2 HIGH ALM  
MIN SUP ALM  
ALARM RESET  
AUDIBLE ALM  
ALARM DELAY  
MUTE TIMEOUT

**CONFIGURE**

DISPLAY AVG  
UNITS  
ROOM VOLUME  
2 SENSOR  
ACCESS CODES

**CALIBRATION**

SENSOR ZERO  
SENSOR SPAN  
2SENSOR ZERO  
2SENSOR SPAN  
SUP 1 ZERO  
SUP 2 ZERO  
ELEVATION

**CONTROL**

SPEED  
SENSITIVITY  
CONTROL SIG  
KC VALUE  
TI VALUE

**INTERFACE**

LON\*\*  
MAC\_ADDRESS\*\*  
OUTPUT SIG  
OUTPUT MODE

**DIAGNOSTICS \***

CONTROL SUP  
CONTROL EXH  
SENSOR IN  
SENSOR STAT  
2SENSOR IN  
2SENSOR STAT  
SUP 1 INPUT  
SUP 2 INPUT  
ALARM RELAY

**PRESSURE**

SENSOR TYPE  
MAX OUT SIG  
MAX OUT VAL

**FLOW**

SUP1 AREA  
SUP2 AREA  
SUP1 KFACTOR  
SUP2 KFACTOR  
SENSOR TYPE  
MAX OUT SIG  
MAX OUT VAL

\* Menu items located in [Troubleshooting](#) section

\*\* LON only appears as a menu option for the 8631 that includes a LonWorks® board. MAC ADDRESS only appears as a menu option for the 8631 that includes a BACnet® board.

**Figure 6: Menu Items - Model 8631-CRC Controller**

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**SETPOINTS MENU** Available on Model 8631-CRC units only

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
PRESSURE SET POINT	SETPOINT	<p>The <b>SETPOINT</b> item sets the pressure set point for the space.</p> <p>If the <b>SENSOR TYPE</b> in the <b>PRESSURE</b> menu is <b>TSI</b>, the range of the set point is from -0.195" H<sub>2</sub>O to +0.195" H<sub>2</sub>O.                      If the <b>SENSOR TYPE</b> in the <b>PRESSURE</b> menu is <b>UNI DIRECT</b>, the range of the set point is from 0 to within 0.005" H<sub>2</sub>O of the pressure sensor <b>MAX OUT VAL</b>.</p> <p>If the <b>SENSOR TYPE</b> in the <b>PRESSURE</b> menu is <b>BI DIRECT</b>, the range of the set point is from 0.005" H<sub>2</sub>O greater than the negative of the pressure sensor <b>MAX OUT VAL</b> to 0.005" H<sub>2</sub>O less than the positive of the pressure sensor <b>MAX OUT VAL</b>.</p> <p>For example:                      If the <b>SENSOR TYPE</b> is <b>UNI DIRECT</b>, and the <b>MAX OUT VAL</b> of the sensor is -1.0" H<sub>2</sub>O, then the <b>SETPOINT</b> can range from 0" H<sub>2</sub>O to -0.995" H<sub>2</sub>O.</p> <p>If the <b>SENSOR TYPE</b> is <b>BI DIRECT</b>, and the <b>MAX OUT VAL</b> of the sensor is 1.0" H<sub>2</sub>O, then the <b>SETPOINT</b> can range from -0.995" H<sub>2</sub>O to +0.995" H<sub>2</sub>O.</p>	<p><b>SENSOR TYPE=TSI</b>                      -0.19500 to 0.19500"                      H<sub>2</sub>O</p>	<p><b>-0.00100"</b>                      H<sub>2</sub>O</p>
CONSTANT VOLUME SUPPLY VENTILATION SETPOINT	SUPPLY SETPT	<p>The <b>SUPPLY SETPT</b> item sets the constant supply volume set point. The <b>SUPPLY SETPT</b> can range from 0 to the <b>FLOW</b> menu <b>MAX OUT VAL</b> * (SUP1 AREA * SUP1 KFACTOR + SUP2 AREA * SUP2 KFACTOR).</p>	<p>0 to 30,000 CFM                      (0 to 14,100 l/s)</p>	<p><b>0</b></p>

## ALARM MENU

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
LOW PRESSURE ALARM	LOW ALARM	<p>The <b>LOW ALARM</b> item sets the low pressure alarm set points for the primary sensor. A low alarm condition occurs when the room pressure falls below or goes in the opposite direction of the low alarm set point. The <b>LOW ALARM</b> can be set to <b>OFF</b>. The <b>LOW ALARM</b> has a range from 0 to within 0.005" H<sub>2</sub>O of the pressure <b>SETPOINT</b>.</p> <p>For <b>TSI</b> or <b>BI DIRECT</b> sensor types, the low alarm must be of the same sign (positive or negative) as the pressure <b>SETPOINT</b>.</p>	OFF, -0.19500 to +0.19500" H <sub>2</sub> O	<b>OFF</b>
HIGH PRESSURE ALARM	HIGH ALM	<p>The <b>HIGH ALARM</b> and item sets the high pressure alarm set point. A high alarm condition occurs when the room pressure rises above the high alarm set point. The <b>HIGH ALARM</b> can be set to <b>OFF</b>. The <b>HIGH ALARM</b> has a range from within 0.005" H<sub>2</sub>O of the pressure <b>SETPOINT</b> to within 0.005" H<sub>2</sub>O of the pressure <b>MAX OUT VAL</b>.</p> <p>For <b>TSI</b> or <b>BI DIRECT</b> sensor types, the high alarm must be of the same sign (positive or negative) as the pressure <b>SETPOINT</b>.</p>	OFF, 0 to -0.19500" H <sub>2</sub> O	<b>OFF</b>

**ALARM MENU** *(continued)*

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
2 <sup>ND</sup> SENSOR LOW PRESSURE ALARM	2 LOW ALM	The <b>2 LOW ALARM</b> items set the low pressure alarm set point for the secondary pressure sensor. A low alarm condition occurs when the room pressure falls below or goes in the opposite direction of the low alarm set point. The <b>2 LOW ALM</b> setpoint is only used when the second sensor is enabled through the <a href="#">CONFIGURE</a> menu.	OFF, -0.19500 to +0.19500" H <sub>2</sub> O	<b>OFF</b>

The second sensor low and high alarms must be programmed for the same pressure direction; positive or negative. In addition, the PresSura controller/monitor has a minimum dead band of 40 ft/min between the second sensor low and high alarms. The dead band helps prevent nuisance alarms. The second sensor monitors the room pressure of a second space (typically an ante room), and is not part of the primary sensor or control sequence.

For **TSI** or **BI DIRECT** sensor types, the low alarm must be of the same sign (positive or negative) as the pressure **SETPOINT**.

The **2 LOW ALM** can be set to **OFF**. The **2 LOW ALM** has a range from 0 to within 0.005" H<sub>2</sub>O of the pressure **SETPOINT**.

**ALARM MENU** *(continued)*

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
2 <sup>ND</sup> SENSOR HIGH PRESSURE ALARM	2 HIGH ALM	<p>The <b>2 HIGH ALM</b> item sets the high pressure alarm set point. A high alarm condition occurs when the room pressure rises above the high alarm set point. The <b>2 HIGH ALM</b> setpoint is only used when the second sensor is enabled through the <a href="#">CONFIGURE</a> menu.</p> <p>The second sensor low and high alarms must be programmed for the same pressure direction; positive or negative. In addition, the PresSura controller/monitor has a minimum dead band of 40 ft/min between the second sensor low and high alarms. The dead band helps prevent nuisance alarms. The second sensor monitors the room pressure of a second space (typically an ante room), and is not part of the primary sensor or control sequence.</p> <p>The <b>SEC HIGH ALM</b> has a range from within 0.005" H<sub>2</sub>O of the pressure <b>SETPOINT</b> to within 0.005" H<sub>2</sub>O of the pressure <b>MAX OUT VAL</b>. The <b>SEC HIGH ALM</b> can be set to <b>OFF</b>.</p> <p>For <b>TSI</b> or <b>BI DIRECT</b> sensor types, the high alarm must be of the same sign (positive or negative) as the pressure <b>SETPOINT</b>.</p>	OFF, 0 to -0.19500" H <sub>2</sub> O	<b>OFF</b>
MINIMUM SUPPLY FLOW ALARM	MIN SUP ALM	The <b>MIN SUP ALM</b> item sets the supply duct's flow alarm set point. A minimum flow alarm is defined as when the duct flow is less than the <b>MIN SUP ALM</b> set point.	OFF, 0 to 2832 ft/MIN times the duct area in square feet (ft <sup>2</sup> )	<b>OFF</b>
ALARM RESET	ALARM RESET	The <b>ALARM RESET</b> item selects how the alarms terminate after the unit returns to control set point (pressure or flow). <b>UNLATCHED</b> (alarm follow) automatically resets the alarms when the unit reaches control set point. <b>LATCHED</b> requires the staff to press the <b>RESET</b> key after the unit returns to control set point. The <b>ALARM RESET</b> affects the audible alarm, visual alarm, and relay output, which means all are latched or unlatched.	LATCHED OR UNLATCHED	UNLATCHED

**ALARM MENU** *(continued)*

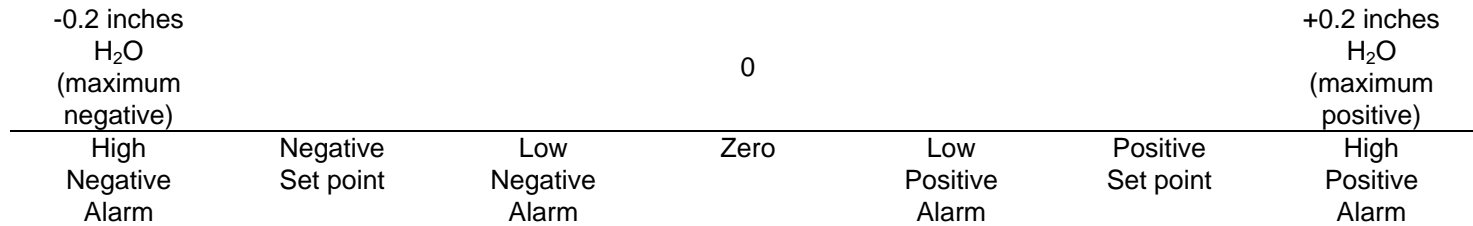
MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
AUDIBLE ALARM	AUDIBLE ALM	The <b>AUDIBLE ALM</b> item selects whether the audible alarm is turned <b>ON</b> or <b>OFF</b> . Selecting <b>ON</b> requires the staff to press the <b>MUTE</b> key to silence the audible alarm. Selecting <b>OFF</b> permanently mutes all audible alarms, except when the <b>EMERGENCY</b> key is pressed.	ON or OFF	ON
ALARM DELAY	ALARM DELAY	The <b>ALARM DELAY</b> determines the length of time the alarm is delayed after an alarm condition has been detected. This delay affects the visual alarm, audible alarm, and relay outputs. An <b>ALARM DELAY</b> prevents nuisance alarms from staff opening and closing doors, etc.	20 to 600 SECONDS	20 SECONDS
MUTE TIMEOUT	MUTE TIMEOUT	The <b>MUTE TIMEOUT</b> determines the length of time the audible alarm is silenced after the <b>MUTE</b> key is pressed. This delay temporarily mutes the audible alarm.  <b>NOTE:</b> If the PresSura controller/monitor is in alarm when <b>MUTE TIMEOUT</b> expires, the audible alarm turns on. When the PresSura controller/monitor returns to the safe range, the <b>MUTE TIMEOUT</b> is canceled. If the room goes back into an alarm condition, the <b>MUTE</b> key must be pressed again to mute the audible alarm.	5 to 30 minutes	5 minutes
	END OF MENU	The <b>END OF MENU</b> item informs you that the end of a menu has been reached. You can either scroll back up the menu to make changes, or press the <b>SELECT</b> or <b>MENU</b> key to exit out of the menu.		

## ALARM CONSTRAINTS

There are a number of constraints built into the software that prevent users from programming conflicting alarm information. These are as follows:

1. Room mode. The positive pressure alarms are only active when positive control is selected. Negative pressure alarms are only active when negative control is selected. In no isolation mode all alarms are turned off.
2. The PresSura controller/monitor is programmed not to allow the pressure alarms to be programmed within 20 ft/min (0.00028" H<sub>2</sub>O at 0.001" H<sub>2</sub>O) of the control set point.  
Example: The control **SET POINT** is set at -0.001" H<sub>2</sub>O. The **LOW ALARM** set point cannot be set higher than -0.00072" H<sub>2</sub>O. Conversely if your control **SET POINT** is set at -0.001" H<sub>2</sub>O, the **HIGH ALARM** set point cannot be set lower than -0.00128" H<sub>2</sub>O.
3. The minimum flow alarms must be programmed to be at least 50 CFM less than the minimum flow set point.
4. Second sensor alarms can be programmed for positive or negative pressure. Both the second sensor low and high alarms must be programmed either positive or negative. The second sensor alarms ignore rule 1 above.
5. Alarms do not terminate until the controller returns to set point. The set point must be slightly exceeded before alarm will terminate.
6. The **ALARM RESET** item selects how the alarms will terminate when controller returns to the safe range. The pressure and flow alarms all terminate the same; they are either latched or unlatched. If unlatched is selected, the alarms automatically turn off when the value slightly exceeds the control set point. If latched is selected, the alarms will not terminate until the controller returns to set point and the **RESET** key is pressed.
7. There is a programmable **ALARM DELAY** that determines how long to delay before activating the alarms. This delay affects all alarms, pressure and flow.
8. The **MUTE TIMEOUT** item temporarily turns the audible alarm off for all pressure and flow alarms.
9. The display can only show one alarm message. Therefore, the controller has an alarm priority system, with the highest priority alarm being displayed. If multiple alarms exist, the lower priority alarms will not display until after the highest priority alarm has been eliminated. The alarm priority is as follows:
  - Pressure sensor - low alarm
  - Pressure sensor - high alarm
  - Flow station - minimum exhaust flow
  - Flow station - minimum supply flow
  - Second pressure sensor - low alarm
  - Second pressure sensor - high alarm
  - Data error

10. The low and high alarms are absolute values. The chart below shows how the values must be programmed in order to operate correctly.



The value of each set point or alarm is unimportant (except for small dead band) in graph above. It is important to understand that the negative low alarm must be between zero (0) pressure and the negative set point, and that the high alarm is a greater negative (positive) value than set point.



## CONFIGURE MENU

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
DISPLAY AVERAGE	DISPLAY AVG	The <b>DISPLAY AVG</b> item selects the display's averaging period. The display averaging period is the length of time the room pressure has been averaged before being displayed. The <b>DISPLAY AVG</b> item value may be set between 0.75 and 40 seconds. The higher the averaging value, the more stable the display.	0.75, 1, 2, 3, 5, 10, 20 or 40 seconds	<b>20 seconds</b>
UNITS	UNITS	The <b>UNITS</b> item selects the unit of measure that the controller displays all values (except calibration span). These units display for all menu items set points, alarms, flows, etc.	FT/MIN, m/s, "H <sub>2</sub> O Pa	<b>"H<sub>2</sub>O</b>
ROOM VOLUME	ROOM VOLUME	<p>The <b>ROOM VOLUME</b> item is used to input the volume of the room. The room volume is required to calculate air changes per hour.</p> <p>Entering a value for the volume will add the air changes per hour value to the display's scrolling sequence. If a zero value is entered, the air changes per hour will not scroll on the display.</p> <p>If the PresSura controller/monitor displays English units, area must be entered in cubic feet. If metric units are displayed area must be entered in cubic meters.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The <b>SUP1 AREA</b> and/or <b>SUP2 AREA</b> menu items must first be programmed before the <b>ROOM VOLUME</b> menu item can be programmed.</p>	<p>0 to 20,000 cubic feet (0 to 550 cubic meters)</p> <p>The PresSura controller/monitor does not compute volume. The volume must be first calculated and then entered into the unit.</p>	<b>0</b>

**CONFIGURE MENU** *(continued)*

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
SECOND SENSOR ENABLE	2 SENSOR	The <b>2 SENSOR</b> item turns the second sensor on or off. This item requires a second TSI pressure sensor to be installed in order to function. Turning <b>2 SENSOR</b> on adds the second sensor pressure value to the display's sequence, and enables the <b>2 LOW ALM</b> and <b>2 HIGH ALM</b> items.	on or off	<b>OFF</b>
<p><b>NOTE:</b> The second sensor's communication address must be set to 2 in order to function. See Figure 9 to change second sensor address.</p>				
ACCESS CODES	ACCESS CODES	The <b>ACCESS CODE</b> item selects whether an access code (pass code) is required to enter the menu. The <b>ACCESS CODE</b> item prevents unauthorized access to a menu. If the <b>ACCESS CODE</b> is <u>ON</u> , a code is required before the menu can be entered. Conversely, if the <b>ACCESS CODE</b> is <u>OFF</u> , no code is required to enter the menu.	ON or OFF	<b>OFF</b>
	END OF MENU	The <b>END OF MENU</b> item informs you that the end of a menu has been reached. You can either scroll back up the menu to make changes, or press the <b>SELECT</b> or <b>MENU</b> key to exit out of the menu.		

## CALIBRATION MENU

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
SENSOR ZERO	SENSOR ZERO	<p>The <b>SENSOR ZERO</b> item is used to calibrate the PresSura pressure sensor.</p> <p>A sensor zero should be established prior to adjusting the sensor span (see <a href="#">Calibration</a> section following menu item listing).</p>	NONE	Unit is factory calibrated. No initial adjustment should be necessary.
SENSOR SPAN	SENSOR SPAN	<p>The <b>SENSOR SPAN</b> item is used to match or calibrate the PresSura velocity sensors to the average room pressure velocity as measured by a portable air velocity meter.</p> <p>A sensor zero should be established prior to adjusting the sensor span (see <a href="#">Calibration</a> section following menu item listing).</p>	NONE	Unit is factory calibrated. No initial adjustment should be necessary.
SECOND SENSOR ZERO	2SENSOR ZERO	<p>The <b>2SENSOR ZERO</b> item is used to calibrate the PresSura controller/monitor secondary pressure sensor.</p> <p>A sensor zero should be established prior to adjusting the sensor span (see <a href="#">Calibration</a> section following menu item listing).</p>	NONE	Unit is factory calibrated. No initial adjustment should be necessary.

**CALIBRATION MENU** *(continued)*

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
SECOND SENSOR SPAN	2SENSOR SPAN	<p>The <b>2SENSOR SPAN</b> item is used to match or calibrate the second PresSura velocity sensors to the average room pressure velocity as measured by a portable air velocity meter.</p> <p>A second sensor span should be established prior to adjusting the second sensor span. (see <a href="#">Calibration</a> section following menu item listing).</p> <p>If menu item displays <b>SEC SENS OFF</b>, the second sensor must be turned on (menu item <b>2 SENSOR</b>) to activate the <b>2SENSOR SPAN</b>.</p>	NONE	Unit is factory calibrated. No initial adjustment should be necessary.
SUPPLY DUCT 1 FLOW STATION ZERO	SUP1 ZERO	<p>The <b>SUP1 ZERO</b> item is used to calibrate the PresSura controller/monitor flow station pressure transducer.</p> <p>A zero or no flow point needs to be established prior to using the flow measurement (see <a href="#">Calibration</a> section following menu item listing).</p>	NONE	Flow station pressure transducer zero must be done prior to making any flow measurements.
SUPPLY DUCT 2 FLOW STATION ZERO	SUP2 ZERO	<p>The <b>SUP2 ZERO</b> item is used to calibrate the PresSura controller/monitor flow station pressure transducer.</p> <p>A zero or no flow point needs to be established prior to using the exhaust flow measurement (see <a href="#">Calibration</a> section following menu item listing).</p>	NONE	Exhaust flow station pressure transducer zero must be done prior to making any flow measurements

**CALIBRATION MENU** *(continued)*

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
SECOND SENSOR SPAN	2SENSOR SPAN	<p>The <b>2SENSOR SPAN</b> item is used to match or calibrate the second PresSura velocity sensors to the average room pressure velocity as measured by a portable air velocity meter.</p> <p>A second sensor span should be established prior to adjusting the second sensor span. (see <a href="#">Calibration</a> section following menu item listing).</p> <p>If menu item displays <b>SEC SENS OFF</b>, the second sensor must be turned on (menu item <b>2 SENSOR</b>) to activate the <b>2SENSOR SPAN</b>.</p>	NONE	Unit is factory calibrated. No initial adjustment should be necessary.
ELEVATION	ELEVATION	The <b>ELEVATION</b> item is used to enter the elevation of the hospital above sea level. This item has a range of 0-10,000 feet in 1,000 foot increments. The pressure value needs to be corrected due to changes in air density at different elevations.	0 to 10,000 feet above sea level	0
	END OF MENU	The <b>END OF MENU</b> item informs you that the end of a menu has been reached. You can either scroll back up the menu to make changes, or press the <b>SELECT</b> or <b>MENU</b> key to exit out of the menu.		

**CONTROL MENU** *Available on Model 8631-CRC units only*

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
SPEED	SPEED	<p>The <b>SPEED</b> item is used to select the control output speed. When this item is selected, a bar graph is shown on the display. There are 10 bars, each one representing 10% of speed. Starting from the right side (+ sign), 10 bars displayed indicates maximum speed. This is the fastest the controller will operate. 1 bar is the slowest the control output will move. The more bars shown, the faster the control output.</p>	1 to 10 bars	5 bars
SENSITIVITY	SENSITIVITY	<p>The <b>SENSITIVITY</b> item is used to select the integral dead band. The integral dead band determines when the controller uses integral control (slow control), and when the controller enters PID control (fast control). When this item is selected, a bar graph will be shown on the display. There are 10 bars each representing <math>\pm 10</math> ft/min. Starting from the right side (+ sign), 10 bars displayed indicates no dead band so the controller will always be in PID control mode. The less bars displayed, the larger the integral dead band. For example, with 8 bars displayed and an operating set point of 100 ft/min, the integral dead band is between 80 and 120 ft/min. When the measured room pressure velocity is within this range, integral or slow control is used. However, when the room pressure velocity falls below 80 ft/min or rises above 120 ft/min, PID control is enabled until the unit returns within the dead band.</p> <p>The <b>SENSITIVITY</b> item has a unique feature that when zero bars are displayed, the unit never goes into PID control. The control output is a slow control signal.</p> <p><b>WARNING:</b> When <b>SENSITIVITY</b> is set for 10 bars, the system is always in PID control, which will probably cause an unstable system. It is recommended that the <b>SENSITIVITY</b> be set at 9 bars or less.</p>	0 to 10 bars	5 bars

## CONTROL MENU *Available on Model 8631-CRC units only (continued)*

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
CONTROL SIGNAL	CONTROL SIG	The <b>CONTROL SIG</b> item determines the control signal's output direction. As an example; If the control system closes the exhaust damper instead of opening the damper, this option will reverse the control signal to now open the damper.	Direct or Reverse	Reverse
Kc VALUE Ti VALUE	Kc VALUE Ti VALUE	<p><b>WARNING:</b> The <b>Kc VALUE</b> and <b>Ti VALUE</b> items provides you with the ability to manually change the PID control loop variables. <b>DO NOT CHANGE THESE VALUES UNLESS YOU HAVE A THOROUGH UNDERSTANDING OF PID CONTROL LOOPS. CONTACT TSI FOR ASSISTANCE PRIOR TO CHANGING ANY VALUES.</b> Contact TSI for assistance in determining your control problem and for instructions on how to change a value. Incorrectly changing a value will result in poor or nonexistent control.</p> <p>Suggestion: Before changing Kc or Ti change the speed or adjust the sensitivity to try to eliminate the problem.</p> <p>The <b>Kc VALUE</b> item is used to read and change the gain control coefficient. When this item is entered, a value for Kc is indicated on the display. If the PresSura controller/monitor is not controlling correctly; hunting, oscillating, or controlling slowly, the Kc gain control coefficient may need adjusting.</p> <p>The <b>Ti VALUE</b> item is used to read and change the integral control coefficient. When this item is entered, a value for Ti is indicated on the display. If the PresSura controller/monitor is not controlling correctly, the unit may have an inappropriate integral control coefficient.</p> <p><b>WARNING:</b> Setting Kc or Ti to zero turns the control output signal off causing the unit to act like a monitor.</p>	Kc = 0 - 1000 Ti = 0-1000	Kc = 100 Ti = 200

**CONTROL MENU** Available on Model 8631-CRC units only (continued)

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
	END OF MENU	The <b>END OF MENU</b> item informs you that the end of a menu has been reached. You can either scroll back up the menu to make changes, or press the <b>SELECT</b> or <b>MENU</b> key to exit out of the menu.		

**INTERFACE MENU**

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
LON**	LON	When the <b>SERVICE PIN</b> option is selected, the Model 8631-HM/HC sends a broadcast message containing its Neuron ID and program ID. This is required to install the Model 8631-HM/HC on the LonWorks® network, or to reinstall the Model 8631-HM/HC after using the <b>GO UNCONFIGURED</b> command.  Selecting the <b>GO UNCONFIGURED</b> option resets the Model 8631-HM/HC's authentication key. This is required in the event a foreign network tool inadvertently acquires a Model 8631-HM/HC and installs it with network management authentication. The Model 8631-HM/HC's owner will then be unable to reclaim the Model 8631-HM/HC over the network.	SERVICE PIN or GO UNCONFIGURED	
MAC ADDRESS**	MAC ADDRESS	The <b>MAC ADDRESS</b> assigns the device an address on the MS/TP BACnet® network. This address must be unique for each device on the BACnet® network.	1 to 127	1
OUTPUT SIGNAL	OUTPUT SIG	The <b>OUTPUT SIG</b> item selects the type of analog pressure signal output. The analog output signal can either be 0 to 10 VDC or 4 to 20 mA.	0 to 10 VDC or 4 to 20 mA	<b>0 to 10 VDC</b>

\*\*The LON Menu Item will only appear as a menu option on an 8631 provided with the LonWorks® board.

\*\*The MAC ADDRESS Menu Item will only appear as a menu option on an 8631 provided with the BACnet™ board.



**INTERFACE MENU** *(continued)*

<b>MENU ITEM</b>	<b>SOFTWARE NAME</b>	<b>ITEM DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>ITEM RANGE</b>	<b>DEFAULT VALUE</b>
OUTPUT MODE	OUTPUT MODE	The <b>OUTPUT MODE</b> item determines the function of the supply control contact outputs. This item can be set to the <b>SUPPLY CONT</b> or <b>PRESS MONIT</b> . If set to <b>PRESS MONIT</b> , the Model 8631-CRC will have an analog output signal of the measured room pressure differential.  In either <b>SUPPLY CONT</b> or <b>PRESS MONIT</b> mode, the output will be either 0 to 10VDC or 4 to 20mA, depending on the <b>OUTPUT SIG</b> setting.	SUPPLY CONT or PRESS MONIT	<b>PRESS MONIT</b>
<i>Available on controller version only</i>				
	END OF MENU	The <b>END OF MENU</b> item informs you that the end of a menu has been reached. You can either scroll back up the menu to make changes, or press the <b>SELECT</b> or <b>MENU</b> key to exit out of the menu.		

**PRESSURE MENU**

<b>MENU ITEM</b>	<b>SOFTWARE NAME</b>	<b>ITEM DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>ITEM RANGE</b>	<b>DEFAULT VALUE</b>
SENSOR TYPE	SENSOR TYPE	The <b>SENSOR TYPE</b> item is used to set the type of pressure sensor used to measure the room pressure differential. This item can be set to <b>TSI</b> , <b>UNI DIRECT</b> , or <b>BI DIRECT</b> . The default value is <b>TSI</b> .	TSI, UNI DIRECT or BI DIRECT	<b>TSI</b>
MAXIMUM TRANSDUCER OUTPUT SIGNAL VOLTAGE	MAX OUT SIG	The <b>MAX OUT SIG</b> item is used to set the maximum pressure output voltage from the transducer used. This item can be set to <b>5 VDC</b> or <b>10 VDC</b> , with a default value of <b>10 VDC</b> .  For a TSI pressure sensor, the <b>MAX OUT SIG</b> must be set to <b>10 VDC</b> .	5 VDC or 10 VDC	<b>10 VDC</b>

**PRESSURE MENU** *(continued)*

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
MAXIMUM TRANSDUCER OUTPUT VALUE	MAX OUT VAL	<p>The <b>MAX OUT VAL</b> item is used to set the maximum pressure reading of the transducer used. This item can be set between <b>0.1" H<sub>2</sub>O</b> and <b>2" H<sub>2</sub>O</b>, with a default value of <b>0.2" H<sub>2</sub>O</b>. For a TSI pressure sensor, the <b>MAX OUT VAL</b> must be set to <b>0.2" H<sub>2</sub>O</b>. For a <b>UNI DIRECT</b> pressure sensor, the <b>MAX OUT VAL</b> must be programmed as a positive or negative, depending on the pressure relationship of the space to its reference.</p> <p>The <b>MAX OUT VAL</b> item also scales the analog output of the 8631-CRC when in <b>PRESS MONIT</b> mode. For <b>UNI DIRECT</b> sensors, 0 V (or 4 mA in <b>CURRENT</b> mode) corresponds to a pressure differential of 0, and 10 V or (20 mA in <b>CURRENT</b> mode) corresponds to a pressure differential of <b>MAX OUT VAL</b>. For <b>BI DIRECT</b> or <b>TSI</b> sensors, 0 V (or 4 mA in <b>CURRENT</b> mode) corresponds to a pressure differential of <b>-MAX OUT VAL</b>, and 10 V or (20 mA in <b>CURRENT</b> mode) corresponds to a pressure differential of <b>MAX OUT VAL</b>.</p>	0.100" H <sub>2</sub> O to 2.00" H <sub>2</sub> O	<b>0.200" H<sub>2</sub>O</b>
	END OF MENU	<p>The <b>END OF MENU</b> item informs you that the end of a menu has been reached. You can either scroll back up the menu to make changes, or press the <b>SELECT</b> or <b>MENU</b> key to exit out of the menu.</p>		

## FLOW MENU

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
SUPPLY 1 DUCT AREA	SUP1 AREA SUP2 AREA	The <b>SUP1 AREA</b> and <b>SUP2 AREA</b> items are used to input the duct sizes for the first and second supply. The duct sizes are needed to compute the air flowing into the room. These items require a flow sensor to be mounted in the proper supply duct. When a duct area is programmed, the display will automatically scroll the actual total supply flow as part of the display scroll sequence. If a zero value is entered, the supply flow value will not scroll on the display.	0 to 10 ft <sup>2</sup> (0 to 0.95 m <sup>2</sup> )	<b>0</b>
SUPPLY 2 DUCT AREA		The programmed duct areas can range from <b>0</b> to <b>10 square feet</b> if the PresSura controller/monitor displays English units. If the PresSura controller/monitor displays metric units, then the duct areas can range from <b>0</b> to <b>0.9500 square meters</b> . The default is <b>0</b> .		
SUPPLY 1 KFACTOR	SUP1 KFACTOR	The <b>SUP1 KFACTOR</b> and <b>SUP2 KFACTOR</b> menu item sets the “K” factor for the flow probe being used. The appropriate flow signal is multiplied by the applicable K-Factor so that the flow measurement matches the actual flow, usually determined with a pitot tube traverse. The K-Factor has a minimum value of <b>0</b> and a maximum value of <b>10</b> , with a default of <b>1</b> .	0 to 10	<b>1</b>
SUPPLY2 KFACTOR	SUP2 KFACATOR			
SENSOR TYPE	SENSOR TYPE	The <b>SENSOR TYPE</b> item is used to select the flow station input signal. <b>PRESSURE</b> is used when flow stations with pressure transducers are installed. <b>LINEAR</b> is selected when a linear output flow station, typically a thermal-based flow station, is installed.	PRESSURE or LINEAR	<b>PRESSURE</b>
MAXIMUM TRANSDUCER OUTPUT SIGNAL	MAX OUT SIG	The <b>MAX OUT SIG</b> item is used to set the maximum output voltage from the transducer used. This item can be set to <b>5 V</b> or <b>10 V</b> , with a default value of <b>5 V</b> . For a TSI flow station, the <b>MAX OUT SIG</b> must be set to <b>5 V</b> .	5 VDC or 10 VDC	<b>5 VDC</b>

**FLOW MENU** *(continued)*

MENU ITEM	SOFTWARE NAME	ITEM DESCRIPTION	ITEM RANGE	DEFAULT VALUE
MAXIMUM TRANSDUCER OUTPUT VALUE	MAX OUT VAL	The <b>MAX OUT VAL</b> item is used to set the maximum pressure reading of the transducer used, or the maximum velocity of the linear flow station used. For a pressure based measurement, this item can be set between <b>0.1" H<sub>2</sub>O</b> and <b>0.5" H<sub>2</sub>O</b> , with a default value of <b>0.5" H<sub>2</sub>O</b> . For a linear flow station, this item can be set between <b>0</b> and <b>5,000 ft/min</b> . For a TSI flow station, the <b>MAX OUT VAL</b> must be set to <b>0.5" H<sub>2</sub>O</b> .	Pressure based 0.100" to 0.500" H <sub>2</sub> O  Linear 0 to 5,000 ft/min	<b>0.500" H<sub>2</sub>O</b>
	END OF MENU	The <b>END OF MENU</b> item informs you that the end of a menu has been reached. You can either scroll back up the menu to make changes, or press the <b>SELECT</b> or <b>MENU</b> key to exit out of the menu.		

## Calibration

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The calibration section explains how to calibrate the PresSura pressure sensor, including setting the proper elevation, and how to zero a TSI flow station pressure transducer.

**NOTE:** The PresSura pressure sensor is factory calibrated and normally does not need to be adjusted. However, inaccurate readings may be detected if pressure sensor is not installed correctly, or problems with the sensor exists. First check that the sensor is installed correctly (usually only a problem on initial set up). Second, go into **DIAGNOSTICS** menu, **SENSOR STAT** item. If **NORMAL** is displayed, calibration can be adjusted. If an error code is displayed, eliminate error code and then verify pressure sensor needs adjustment.

Adjusting the PresSura controller/monitor calibration may be required to eliminate errors due to convection currents, HVAC configuration, or equipment used to make the measurement. TSI recommends always taking the comparison measurement in the exact same location (i.e., under the door, middle of door, edge of door, etc.). A thermal air velocity meter is needed to make the comparison measurement. Normally the velocity is checked at the crack under the doorway, or the door is opened 1" to allow alignment of the air velocity probe making the measurement. If the crack under the door is not large enough, use the 1" open door technique.

### Calibrating pressure sensor - primary sensor or second sensor

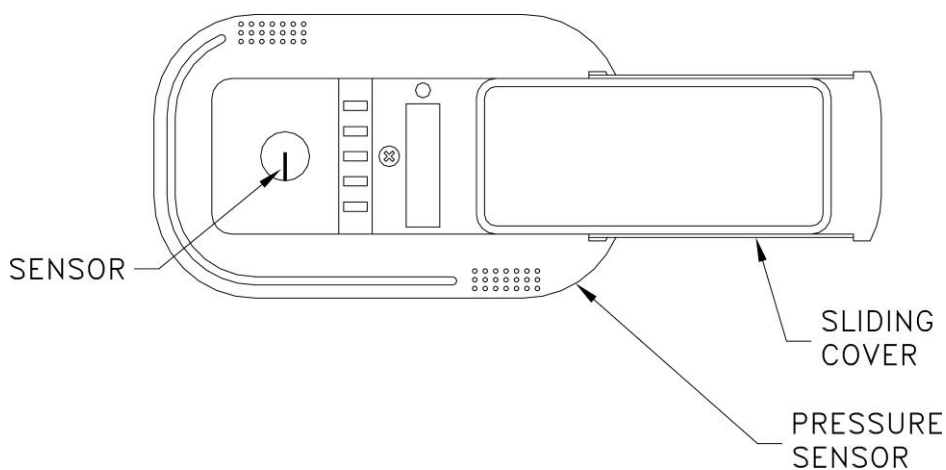
Enter calibration menu (see [Software Programming](#) if not familiar with key stroke procedure). Access code is turned on so enter proper access code. All menu items described below are found in [CALIBRATION](#) menu.

#### Elevation

The **ELEVATION** item eliminates pressure sensor error due to elevation of hospital. (See **ELEVATION** item in [Menu and Menu items](#) section for further information).

Enter the **ELEVATION** menu item. Scroll through the elevation list and select the one closest to the hospital's elevation

Press the **SELECT** key to save the data and exit back to the calibration menu.



**Figure 7: Pressure sensor door slid open**

### Sensor Span

**NOTE:** A smoke test and a comparison measurement by an air velocity meter are required to calibrate the pressure sensor. The air velocity meter only gives a velocity reading, so a smoke test must be performed to determine pressure direction.

**WARNING:** The span can only be adjusted in the same direction. Adjusting span cannot cross zero pressure. Example: If unit displays +0.0001 and actual pressure is -0.0001 do not make any adjustments. Manually change the air balance, close or open dampers, or open door slightly to get both unit and actual pressure to read in same direction (both read either positive or negative). This problem can only occur at very low pressures so slightly changing the balance should eliminate the problem.

Perform a smoke test to determine pressure direction.

1. Select **SENSOR SPAN** item (**2SENSOR SPAN** item if second sensor).
2. Position thermal air velocity meter in door opening to obtain velocity reading. Press **▲/▼** keys until pressure direction (+/-) and sensor span match thermal air velocity meter, and smoke test.
3. Press **SELECT** key to save sensor span.
4. Exit menu, calibration is complete.

### Flow Station Pressure Transducer Zero

1. Disconnect tubing between pressure transducer and flow station.
2. Enter calibration menu. Access code is required.
3. Select **EXH FLO ZERO** to take exhaust flow zero.  
*or*
4. Select **SUP FLO ZERO** to take supply flow zero (premium units only).
5. Press **SELECT** key. Flow zero procedure, which takes 10 seconds, is automatic.
6. Press **SELECT** key to save data.
7. Connect tubing between pressure transducer and flow station.

## Maintenance and Repair Parts

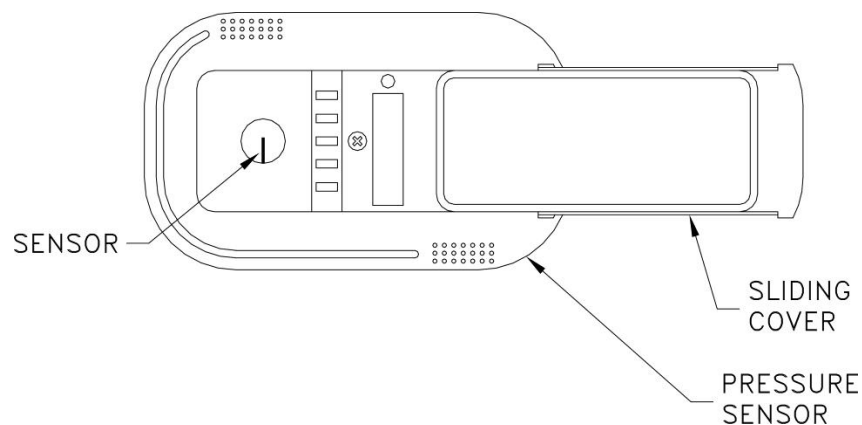
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The Model 8631 PresSura Room Pressure Controller requires minimal maintenance. Periodic inspection of system components as well as an occasional pressure sensor cleaning are all that are needed to ensure that the Model 8631 is operating properly.

### System Component Inspection

It is recommended that the pressure sensor be periodically inspected for accumulation of contaminants. The frequency of these inspections is dependent upon the quality of the air being drawn across the sensor. Quite simply, if the air is dirty, the sensors will require more frequent inspection and cleaning.

Visually inspect the pressure sensor by sliding open the sensor housing door (Figure 8). The air flow orifice should be free of obstructions. The small ceramic coated sensors protruding from the orifice wall should be white and free of accumulated debris.



**Figure 8: Pressure sensor door slid open**

Periodically inspect the other system components for proper performance and physical signs of excessive wear.

### Pressure Sensor Cleaning

Accumulations of dust or dirt can be removed with a dry soft-bristled brush (such as an artist's brush). If necessary, water, alcohol, acetone, or trichlorethane may be used as a solvent to remove other contaminants.

Use extreme care when cleaning the velocity sensors. The ceramic sensor may break if excessive pressure is applied, if sensor is scraped to remove contaminants, or if the cleaning apparatus abruptly impacts the sensor.

<p><b>WARNING:</b> If you are using a liquid to clean the sensor, turn off power to the Model 8630.</p> <p>Do <b>NOT</b> use compressed air to clean the velocity sensors.</p> <p>Do <b>NOT</b> attempt to scrape contaminants from the velocity sensors. The velocity sensors are quite durable; however, scraping may cause mechanical damage and possibly break the sensor. Mechanical damage due to scraping voids the pressure sensor warranty.</p>
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## Troubleshooting Section

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The PresSura Room Pressure Controller is designed to be trouble free. However, installation problems or interaction with other HVAC components may cause system problems. The PresSura system is easy to troubleshoot if an organized approach to evaluate the system is taken. Troubleshooting is broken down into hardware and software problems. Hardware problems deal with the physical installation of the device. Hardware problems include wiring problems, incorrectly installed equipment, and add-ons or non-TSI equipment. Software problems include control problems, configuration problems, or interaction problems with the HVAC system.

The hardware test described in this section determines that all TSI mechanical components are functioning correctly. The hardware test requires the diagnostics menu items to be accessed. If you are unfamiliar with the PresSura controller/monitor menus, see [Software Programming](#) for keystroke procedure. Troubleshooting the majority of problems is usually quick if the hardware test is followed.

Software and hardware problems are covered in the troubleshooting chart. Pick the problem that most closely resembles your problem and review the possible symptoms and corrective action. Software or system performance problems can and are affected by the supply air system, exhaust air system, or physical configuration of the room. Separating TSI system problems from the hospital HVAC system can sometimes be difficult. TSI recommends confirming all hardware is operating correctly before troubleshooting software problems.

### Hardware Test

Three tests need to be performed in order to determine all hardware is functioning correctly. The test are broken down into:

- [Confirming wiring is correct.](#)
- [Confirming physical installation is correct.](#)
- [Verifying mechanical components.](#)

#### **Confirming wiring is correct.**

The most common problem with installed hardware equipment is incorrect wiring. This problem usually exists on initial installation, or when modifications to the system take place. The wiring should be very closely checked to verify it **exactly** matches the wiring diagram. The TSI cables are all color coded to ensure proper wiring. A wiring diagram is located in Appendix B of this manual. Wiring associated with non TSI components should be closely checked for correct installation. If non-TSI components are installed, consider disconnecting them for testing purposes.

#### **Confirming physical installation is correct**

All of the hardware components need to be installed properly. Review the installation instructions and verify components are installed properly at the correct location. This is easily done when the wiring is checked.

#### **Verifying mechanical components**

Verifying all TSI components are operating correctly requires following a simple procedure. The fastest procedure to confirm all equipment is operating is to first test the DIM, and then go into the diagnostic menu to test each component.



**NOTE:** These tests require power to the units, so if unit has no power, refer to [hardware troubleshooting](#) chart to eliminate power problem.

### **TEST - DIM**

Press **TEST** key to verify Digital Interface Module (DIM) electronics are functioning correctly. At the end of the self test, the display will show **SELF TEST - PASSED** if all DIM electronics are good. If unit displays **DATA ERROR** at the end of the test, the electronics may be corrupted. Check all software items to determine cause of **DATA ERROR**.

If **SELF TEST - PASSED** is displayed proceed to test individual components. Enter [Diagnostics menu](#) and check the following:

- Control output. (*Available on Controller models only*)
- Sensor input.
- Sensor status.
- Analog output.

These diagnostic menu items are explained in detail in the next section ([Diagnostics Menu](#)) of the manual, so their function is not reviewed here. If the PresSura system passes each of the tests, the mechanical piece parts are all functioning correctly.

### **TEST - Control output (Available on Controller models only)**

Enter **CONTROL SUP/ CONTROL EXH** menu item in diagnostics menu. A number between 0 and 255 will be displayed. Press the ▲/▼ keys until either 0 or 255 shows on the display. Note the position of the control damper. If display reads 0 press the ▲ key until 255 is shown on display. If display read 255 press ▼ key until 0 is shown on display. Note the position of the damper. The damper should have rotated either 45 or 90 degrees depending on actuator installed. If not see hardware section: [Control system is not controlling](#).

### **TEST - Analog output (Available on Monitor models only)**

**NOTE:** This test is only performed if analog output feature is being used.

Enter **PRESS AOUT** menu item in diagnostics menu. A value between 0 and 255 will be displayed. Hook up a DC voltmeter to pins 9 and 10. Press the ▲/▼ keys to change output from 0 to 255. Voltage should change from 10 volts to zero volts (20 to 0 mA if current output).

### **TEST - Sensor input**

Enter **SENSOR IN** or **2SENSOR IN** menu item in diagnostics menu. A voltage between 0 and 10 volts DC will be displayed. It is not important what the exact voltage is to pass this test. Tape over the pressure sensor (slide pressure sensor door open) and voltage should read approximately 5 volts (zero pressure). Remove tape and blow on sensor. Displayed value should change. If voltage changes, the unit passes. If voltage doesn't change, proceed to Sensor status test.

### **TEST - Sensor status**

Enter **SENSOR STAT** or **2SENSOR STAT** menu item in diagnostics menu. If **NORMAL** is displayed, the unit passes test. If an error message is displayed, go to diagnostics menu section of the manual, **SENSOR STAT** menu item for explanation of error message.

If unit passed all tests, the mechanical components are physically working. If problems still exist, go to troubleshooting chart for additional information, on both hardware and software symptoms.

### Diagnostics Menu

The items in the diagnostic menu (listed below) aid in identifying problems the staff may encounter. The items in this menu temporarily change the function by pressing the ▲/▼ keys. No permanent change occurs with these menu items. Items are exited by pressing the **MENU** key. When an item is exited the PresSura controller/monitor returns to its normal state.

#### Control Output

Menu item - **CONTROL SUP** (Available on Controller models only)

The **CONTROL SUP** item is used to change the control output signal to the actuator/damper (or motor speed drive). When this item is entered, a number will be shown on the display indicating the last control output value. The range of values displayed is 0 - 255. Pressing the ▲/▼ keys change the count on the display. Pressing the ▲ key should increase the displayed value, while pressing the ▼ key will decrease the displayed value. The control device should change as the number changes. Depending on the jumper location on the actuator, 0 or 255 is full open on damper. Conversely 255 or 0 will be full closed. A count of 150 should open the damper approximately 1/2 open. On units controlling variable frequency drives, fan speed should increase or decrease as numbers change.

<b>WARNING:</b> The <b>CONTROL SUP</b> function overrides the pressure control signal. Adequate room pressure will <b>NOT</b> be maintained while in this item.
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Menu item - **CONTROL EXH** (Available on Controller models only)

The **CONTROL EXH** item is used to change the control output signal to the actuator/damper (or motor speed drive). When this item is entered, a number will be shown on the display indicating the last control output value. The range of values displayed is 0 - 255. Pressing the ▲/▼ keys change the count on the display. Pressing the ▲ key should increase the displayed value, while pressing the ▼ key will decrease the displayed value. The control device should change as the number changes. Depending on the jumper location on the actuator, 0 or 255 is full open on damper. Conversely 255 or 0 will be full closed. A count of 150 should open the damper approximately 1/2 open. On units controlling variable frequency drives, fan speed should increase or decrease as numbers change.

<b>WARNING:</b> The <b>CONTROL EXH</b> function overrides the pressure control signal. Adequate room pressure will <b>not</b> be maintained while in this item.
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#### Analog Output

Menu Item – **PRESS AOUT**

The **PRESS AOUT** item is used to vary the analog output from the PresSura unit. When this item is entered, a number will be shown on the display indicating the last analog output value. The value displayed ranges from 0 to 255. The value 255 corresponds to the lowest voltage (current) output and 0 corresponds to the highest voltage (current) output. Pressing the ▲ key will decrease the analog output and increase the value displayed. Pressing the ▼ key will increase the analog output and decrease the value displayed.

The **PRESS AOUT** function can be used in conjunction with a volt meter to verify the analog output is correct.

## Sensor Input

### Menu item - **SENSOR INPUT / 2SENSOR IN**

The **SENSOR INPUT (2SENSOR IN)** item is used to verify that the DIM or controller electronics is receiving a signal from the sensor. When this item is entered, a voltage will be indicated on the display. The exact voltage displayed is relatively unimportant. It is more important that the voltage is changing which indicates the sensor is working correctly.

0 volts represents a negative pressure of -0.2 inches H<sub>2</sub>O.

5 volts represents 0 pressure

10 volts represents a positive pressure of +0.2 inches H<sub>2</sub>O.

## Sensor Communications

### Menu Item - **SENSOR STAT / 2SENSOR STAT**

The **SENSOR STAT (2SENSOR STAT)** item verifies that the RS-485 communications between the pressure sensor and DIM is working correctly. Sensor error messages do not display on DIM except when **SENSOR STAT** item is selected. The item will display **NORMAL** if communications are established correctly. If problems exist, one of four error messages will display:

**COMM ERROR** - DIM cannot communicate with sensor. Check all wiring and the pressure sensor address. Address must be 1 or 2 (Figure 9).

**SENS ERROR** - Problem with sensor bridge. Physical damage to pressure sensor or sensor circuitry. Unit is not field repairable. Send to TSI for repair.

**CAL ERROR** - Calibration data lost. Sensor must be returned to TSI to be calibrated.

**DATA ERROR** - Problem with EEPROM, field calibration, or analog output calibration lost. Check all data programmed and confirm unit is function correctly.

## Flow Input

### Menu Item – **SUP 1 INPUT/SUP 2 INPUT**

The **SUP # INPUT** item is used to read the input from the flow station. When this item is entered, a voltage will be indicated on the display. The exact voltage displayed is relatively unimportant. It is more important that the voltage is changing which indicates the flow station is working correctly.

0 VDC displayed equals zero flow.

10 VDC displayed equals maximum flow.

## Alarm Relay

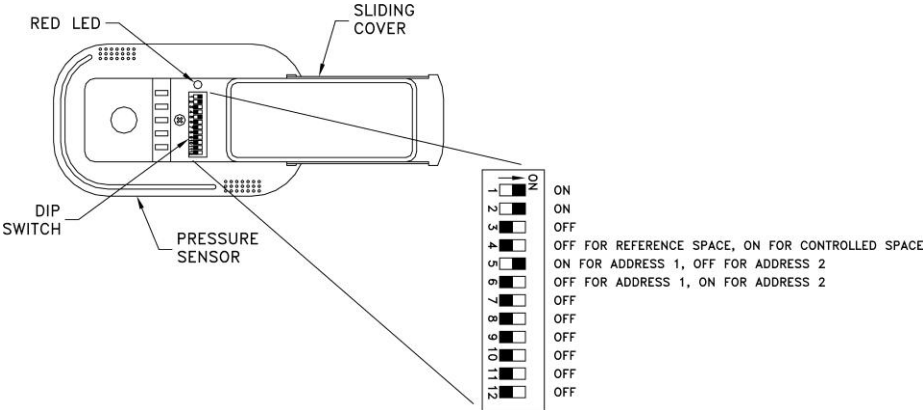
### Menu Item - **ALARM RELAY**

The **ALARM RELAY** item is used to change the state of the alarm relay. When this item is entered, the display will indicate either **OPEN** or **CLOSED**. The ▲/▼ keys are used to toggle the state of the relay. The ▲ key is used to **OPEN** the alarm contact. The ▼ key is used to **CLOSE** the alarm contact. When the contact is closed, the **ALARM RELAY** should be in an alarm condition.

## Troubleshooting Chart

Symptom	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Display is blank.	Fuse is blown.	<p>Measure voltage at pins 1 and 2 on DIM. The voltage should nominally be: 24 to 40 VDC when using TSI electric actuators 24 to 30 VAC when using TSI pneumatic actuators 24 to 30 VAC when using motor speed drives.</p> <p>If correct voltage is measured, internal DIM fuse is probably blown. Unplug 14-pin connector from DIM for 2 minutes. The internal fuse will automatically reset. Plug unit back in and check display. If display is still blank, check all wiring, etc. If no problems are found, replace DIM.</p> <p>If approximately 5 volts is measured, the fuse in the electric actuator or E/P is blown. Disconnect power to the electric actuator or E/P for two minutes to reset fuse. Disconnecting power requires either shutting off circuit breaker or disconnecting the wires on pins 1 and 2 on the electric actuator or E/P.</p> <p>If zero volts are measured, see <a href="#">No power to DIM</a>.</p>
	No power to DIM.	<p>Verify circuit breaker is on. Verify transformer primary measures 110 VAC. Verify transformer secondary measures 24 to 30 VAC. Verify electric actuator or E/P interface is receiving 24 to 30 volts between pins 1 and 2. Verify 24 to 40 VDC is found between pins 3 and 4 of the electric actuator. Verify 24 to 30 VAC between pins 3 and 4 of the E/P interface. Verify voltage on pins 1 and 2 of DIM is 24 to 30 VAC for pneumatic systems and VFDs, or 24 to 40 VDC on electric actuators.</p>
	DIM is defective.	<p>If proper voltage is found between pins 1 and 2 of the DIM, all wiring has been checked, fuses have been reset, and screen is still blank, the DIM is probably defective. Replace DIM.</p>
Control system is not controlling.	Incorrect wiring.	<p>Verify correct wiring (see wiring diagram, <a href="#">Appendix B</a>). DIM must be wired exactly as shown.</p>
	DIM is in no isolation mode.	<p>Slide open cover on DIM and see what mode DIM is in. If in no isolation is displayed, damper goes to preset position (see <a href="#">SETPOINT</a> menu, <b>DAMPER SET</b> item) and no control is possible.</p>

Symptom	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Control system is not controlling (continued).	No control output signal.	Go into <b>DIAGNOSTICS</b> menu, <b>CONTROL OUT</b> item. A number between 0 and 255 will be displayed. Pressing the ▲ key increases the number. Pressing the ▼ key decreases the number. Measure the DC voltage between pins 17 and 18 on the controller. Change the <b>CONTROL OUT</b> value about 100 numbers. The voltage output should change approximately 4 volts. Change the <b>CONTROL OUT</b> value to 150. The voltage should read approximately 5 VDC.  If no change occurs, disconnect control wires on pins 17 and 18 and repeat test. If DIM still fails to change voltage output, DIM is probably defective.
	Bad actuator or E/P (damper doesn't move).	Go into <b>DIAGNOSTICS</b> menu, <b>CONTROL SUP/CONTROL EXH</b> item. A number between 0 and 255 will be displayed. Pressing the ▲ key increases the number. Pressing the ▼ key decreases the number. Change the <b>CONTROL SUP/CONTROL EXH</b> value to read 0 or 255. Note damper position. Press an arrow key to change 0 to 255 or 255 to 0. Note position of damper. Damper should have rotated 45 or 90 degrees depending on actuator system installed.  If damper rotated 45 or 90 degrees, actuator is installed and operating correctly. If damper did not rotate, check that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Jumper is installed on actuator or E/P.</li> <li>• Damper is not physically stuck (screws, etc.).</li> <li>• Wiring is correct between actuators and controller. Check that voltage varies between 0 and 10 volts on pins 5 and 6 on electric actuator or E/P (see <a href="#">No control output signal</a>).</li> <li>• Electric actuator is not over torqued. The electric actuator has current limiting protection. If damper is physically stuck or actuator is over current, the actuator will shut down. To restart either kill power to actuator or move damper in opposite direction it was trying to rotate (<b>CONTROL SUP</b> or <b>CONTROL EXH</b> menu item).</li> </ul>
	Defective variable frequency drive (VFD).	Perform test described in <a href="#">Control system is not controlling</a> . If <b>CONTROL EXH</b> is functioning, verify wiring to VFD by confirming <b>CONTROL EXH</b> voltage changes at VFD. If voltage changes, a problem with VFD exists. See VFD manual for further troubleshooting.
	Damper rotating opposite direction.	If damper is full open when it should be closed or full closed when it should be open, go into <b>CONTROL</b> menu <b>CONTROL SIG</b> menu item. Change direct to reverse or reverse to direct to change control output direction.

Symptom	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Control system is not controlling ( <i>continued</i> ).	Damper is full open or full closed, won't move.	Actuator jumper is missing or loose. Verify jumper is installed correctly.  Control wires are loose. Check wires and verify control output is working (see <a href="#">no control output signal</a> ). If control output test passes, verify damper is rotating correct direction (see <a href="#">damper rotating opposite direction</a> ). If damper is rotating correctly and set point cannot be reached, DIM will fully rotate damper to get as close to set point as possible. Air balance needs to be adjusted.
Sensor does not calibrate.	Incorrect pressure sensor address.	Primary pressure sensor must have address of 1. Second sensor must have address of 2. Check pressure sensor DIP switches 1 & 2 and verify address is correct (7-12 must be OFF).
	 <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Figure 9: Pressure sensor DIP switch</b></p>	
	Sensor communications not working.	Check <b>SENSOR STAT</b> item in diagnostics menu. If <b>NORMAL</b> is displayed, sensor is okay. If <b>COMM ERROR</b> is displayed, check wiring, pressure sensor address, and that DIP switch 1 & 2 are ON (Figure 9).
Pressure sensor red LED is blinking (Figure 9).	<p>Problem with sensor (slow uniform blink).</p> <p>Communication (fast burst of non-uniform blinking).</p> <p>Red LED is constantly on.</p>	<p>Check <b>SENSOR STAT</b> and confirm <b>NORMAL</b> is displayed. If <b>ERROR</b> is displayed, correct error.</p> <p>Unit is communicating with DIM. This is normal.</p> <p>This is normal when no problems exist or when no communication is occurring.</p>

Symptom	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
DIM always displays 0.200 inches H <sub>2</sub> O.	Incorrect pressure sensor output.	Pressure sensor must be set for 0 to 10 volt output, not 4 to 20 mA (do <b>not</b> confuse this output with DIM analog output). Check pressure sensor DIP switch 3 and make sure it is <b>OFF</b> (see Figure 9).
Positive/negative/neutral key switch doesn't work.	Incorrect wiring.  Room mode is incorrect.	Verify wiring is correct between key switch and DIM.  Go into <b>CONFIGURE</b> menu, <b>ROOM MODE</b> item. Verify <b>ROOM MODE</b> is in <u>key switch</u> position.
DIM does not respond to LonWorks® communications.	Device has not identified itself to the network. .  Device has been acquired by foreign network tool.  Incompatible software.	Go into <b>INTERFACE</b> menu, LON item. Select <b>SERVICE PIN</b> .  Go into <b>INTERFACE</b> menu, LON item. Select <b>GO UNCONFIGURED</b> .  Data sent to DIM may be in form that the PresSura controller/monitor cannot recognize.
DIM displays opposite pressure signal.	Sensor direction is incorrect.	Pressure sensor must have DIP switch correctly set for proper sign display. Verify DIP switch 4 is ON when sensor is mounted in isolation room (controlled space), and OFF when sensor is mounted in reference space (see Figure 9).
Alarm relay doesn't work.	Alarms are turned off.  Incorrect wiring.  Relay may be defective.	Press <b>TEST</b> key. The individual alarm set points will display. If all alarm set points are zero, alarm relay is not active, so relay will not be required to change state.  Check the wiring from PresSura controller/monitor relay's output to the device that is connected to the relays.  Disconnect the wiring from relay contact pins 13 and 14 for the alarm relay. Go into <b>DIAGNOSTICS</b> menu, <b>ALARM RELAY</b> . Connect an ohmmeter to relay terminals to verify contact open and closes. Press the <b>▲/▼</b> key to manually trip the relay. If relay responds (contact opens and closes), the device connected is incompatible or defective. If relay doesn't respond, relay is defective (may be caused by incompatible device). Replace DIM.
"DATA ERROR" flashing on display.	DIM was hit by electrical disturbance.	All data may be lost or changed. Review all configuration parameters. DATA ERROR is removed by pressing the <b>RESET</b> key.

Symptom	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
Actuator hunting. Display indicates steady pressure.	Control system is unstable.	Go into <b>CONTROL</b> menu, <b>SPEED</b> item. Turn speed down until hunting is eliminated. If speed is too slow review <b>CONTROL</b> menu items and adjust accordingly to eliminate hunting.
Displayed pressure wildly fluctuating.	Exhaust system unstable.  Supply or exhaust air is affecting the sensor.	Turn DIM to emergency. If pressure stabilizes, this is not the problem. Verify reference pressure is not fluctuating.  Check location of supply air diffusers and exhaust grilles. They should be as far from pressure sensor as is realistic, 6 feet preferred, 2½ feet minimum. Supply diffuser terminal throw velocity must be less than 10 ft/min at the sensor. Relocate supply or exhaust as needed.



## Appendix A

### Specifications

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#### Room Pressure Module

##### **Display**

Range ..... -0.20000 to +0.20000 inches H<sub>2</sub>O  
Resolution ..... 5% of reading  
Display Update ..... 0.5 sec

##### **Inputs**

Switch in ..... SPST (N.O.) Switch. Closing switch initiates condition.  
Flow in ..... 0 to 10 Volts

##### **Outputs**

Low Alarm Range ..... -0.19500 to +0.19500 inches H<sub>2</sub>O  
High Alarm Range ..... -0.19500 to +0.19500 inches H<sub>2</sub>O  
Alarm Contacts ..... SPST (N.O.) Max current 5A, max voltage 150 VDC, 250 VAC. Maximum switch load 10 mA, 5 VDC. Contacts close in alarm condition.

##### **Analog Output**

Type ..... 0 to 10 VDC or 4 to 20 mA  
Range ..... High -0.100 to +0.100 inches H<sub>2</sub>O  
Low -0.0100 to +0.0100 inches H<sub>2</sub>O  
Resolution ..... 1.0% of range for 0 to 10 VDC  
1.2% of range for 4 to 20 mA

RS-485 ..... Yes

Operating Temperature ..... 32 to 120°F  
Input Power ..... 24 VAC, 5 watts max  
Dimensions ..... 4.9 in. x 4.9 in. x 1.35 in.  
Weight ..... 0.7 lb.

#### Pressure Sensor

Temperature Compensation Range ..... 55 to 95°F  
Power Dissipation ..... 0.16 watts at 0 inches H<sub>2</sub>O,  
0.20 watts at 0.00088 inches H<sub>2</sub>O  
Dimensions (DxH) ..... 5.58 in. x 3.34 in. x 1.94 in.  
Weight ..... 0.2 lb.

#### Damper/Actuator

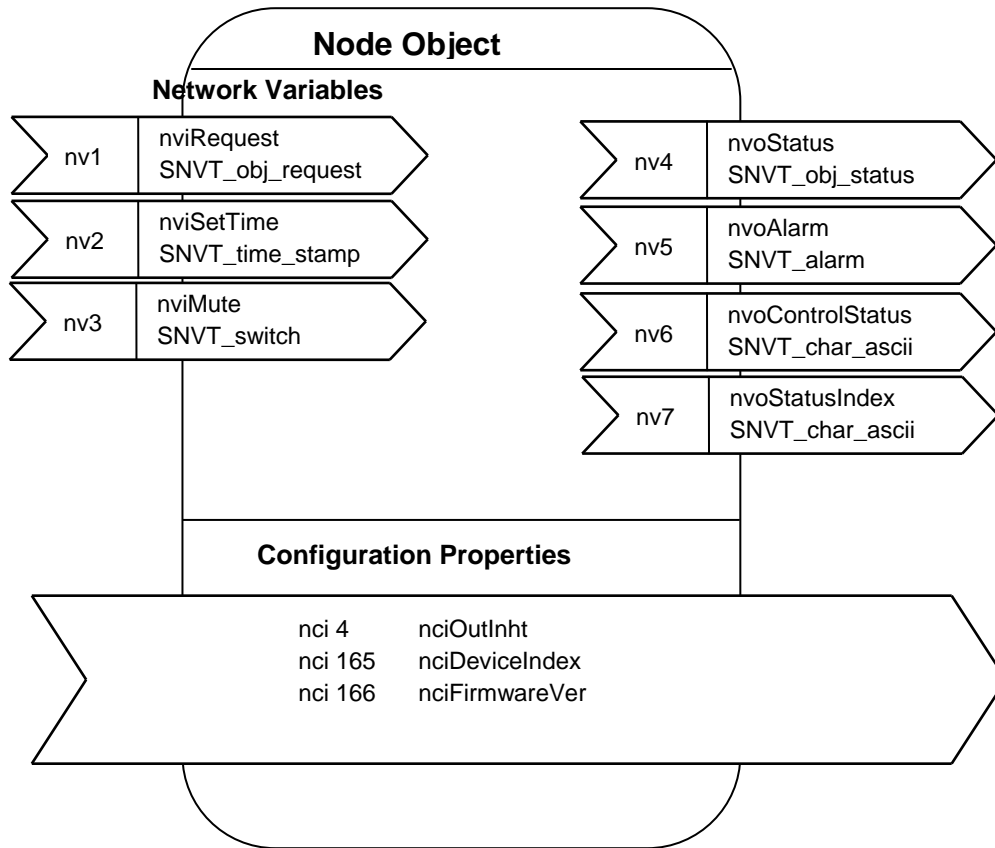
Types of Actuators ..... Electric or pneumatic  
Input Power ..... Electric: 24 VAC, 7.5 watts max.  
Pneumatic: 24 VAC, 3 watts max.  
Time for 90° Rotation ..... Electric: 1.5 seconds  
Pneumatic: 5 seconds

## Appendix B

### Network Communications

Network communications are available on the Model 8631-CRM/CRC. The Model 8631-CRM/CRC can communicate with a building management system through LonWorks® protocols. Please refer to the section below for more detailed information.

### Model 8631-CRM LonWorks® Node Object



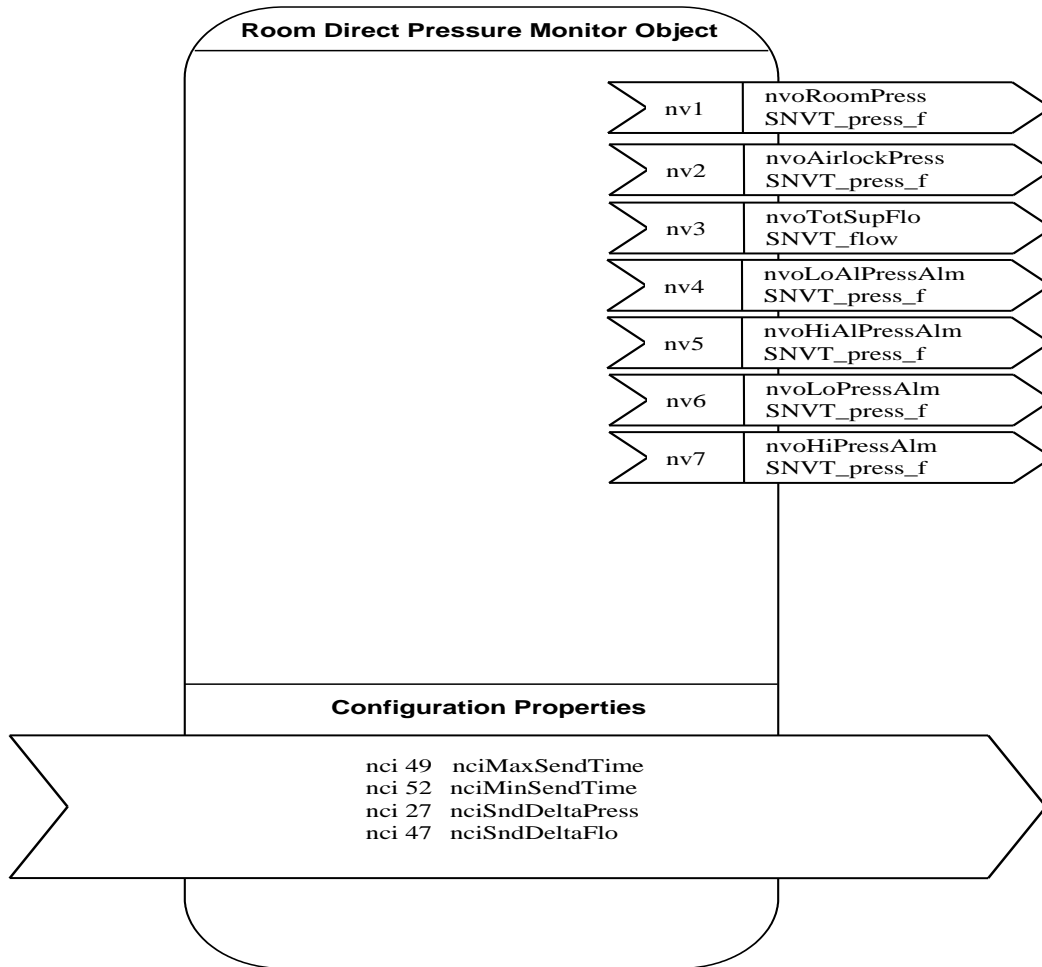
#### LON Works Room Monitor Status Definitions

nvoControlStatus	
Bit	Description
0	Pressure Monitor
1	Supply Flow Control

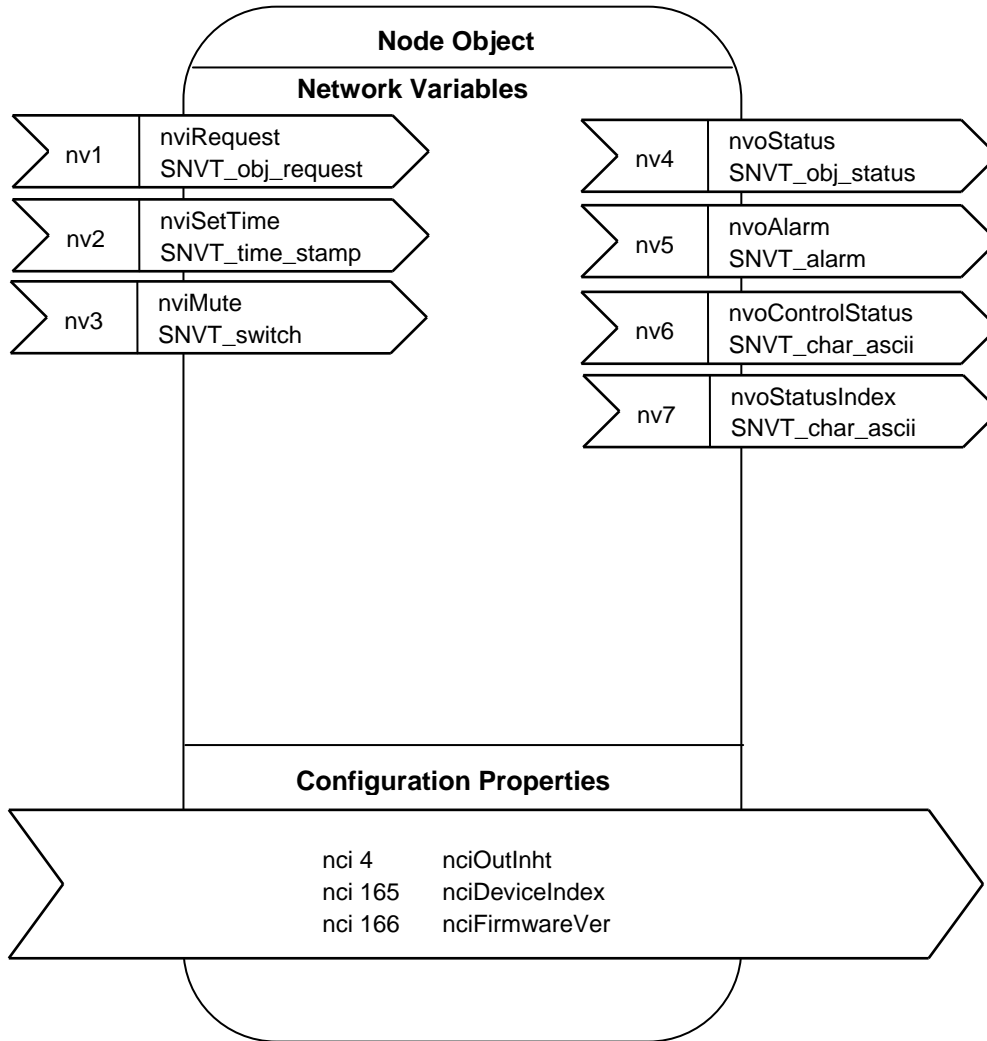
Setting nviRequest.object\_request to RQ\_CLEAR\_ALM clears the current alarm from the controller and the BAS

nvoStatusIndex	
Bit	Description
0	Normal
1	Low Alarm
2	High Alarm
3	Minimum Supply Alarm
4	Second Sensor Low Alarm
5	Second Sensor High Alarm
6	Data Error

# 8631-CRM LonWorks® Object



# Model 8631-CRC LonWorks® Node Object



## LON Works Room Controller Status Definitions

### nvoControlStatus

Bit	Description
0	Pressure Monitor
1	Supply Flow Control

Note: In Pressure Monitor Mode (nvo ControlStatus Bit 0

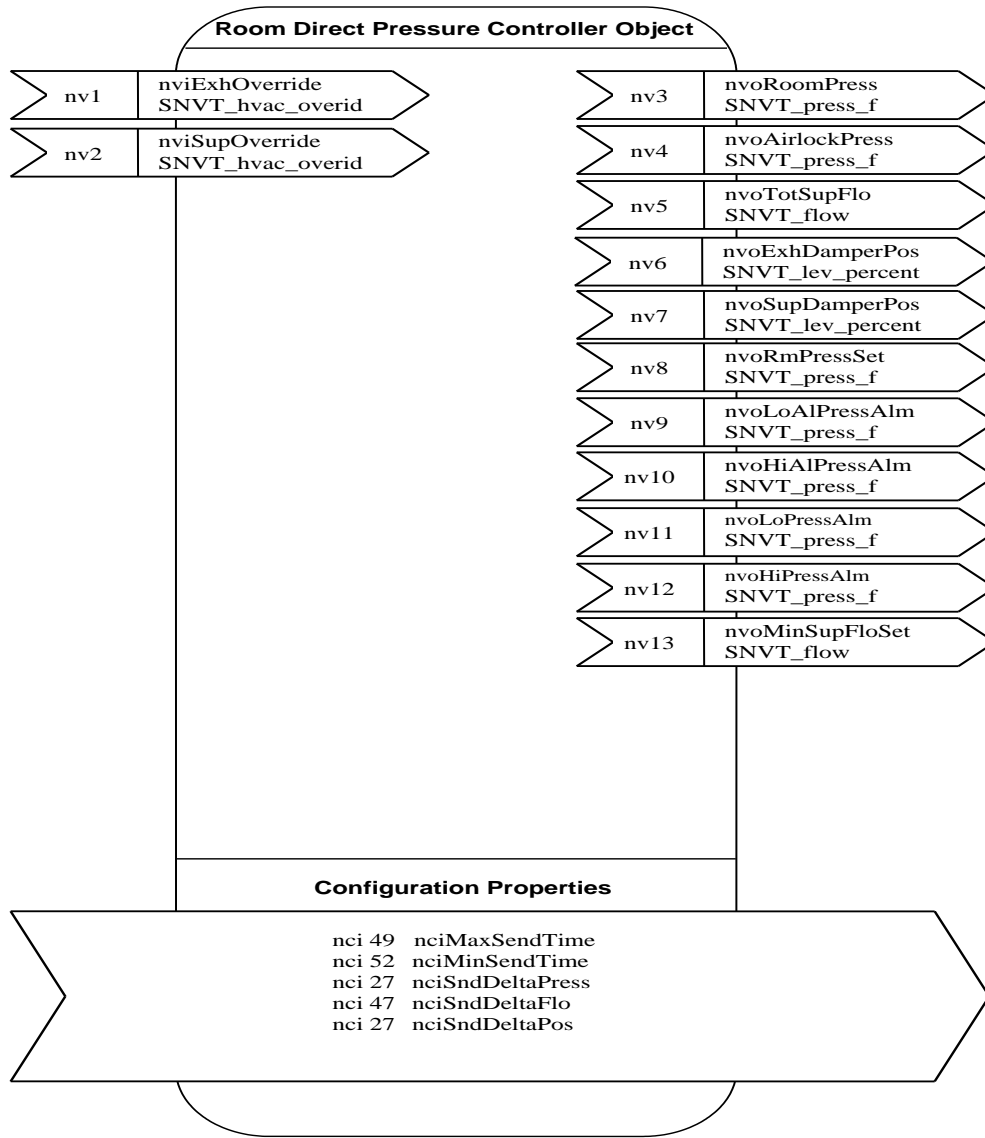
- nvi SupOverRide has no effect
- nvoSupDamperPos is 0xFFFF

Setting nviRequest.object\_request to RQ\_CLEAR\_ALM clears the current alarm from the controller and the BAS

### nvoStatusIndex

Bit	Description
0	Normal
1	Low Alarm
2	High Alarm
3	Minimum Supply Alarm
4	Second Sensor Low Alarm
5	Second Sensor High Alarm
6	Data Error
7	Emergency
8	LON Override

# 8631-CRC LonWorks® Object



# 8631 BACnet® MS/TP Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement

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**Date:** March 19, 2007

**Vendor Name:** TSI Inc.

**Product Name:** PresSura Room Pressure Monitor/Controller

**Product Model Number:** 8631-HM(HC)-BAC

**Applications Software Version:** 1.0

**Firmware Revision:** 1.0

**BACnet Protocol Revision:** 2

## Product Description:

TSI's PresSura Room Pressure Monitors accurately measure the actual room pressure differential, verifying the proper operation of your HVAC system to help you maintain patient safety. The PresSura Room Pressure Controllers, however, go a step beyond simple monitoring; they can adjust the airflow rates to correct problems as they occur, reducing incidents when the room pressure differential goes out of control. This model monitor/controller is capable of acting as a stand-alone device or as part of a building automation system via BACnet MS/TP protocol.

## BACnet Standardized Device Profile (Annex L):

- BACnet Operator Workstation (B-OWS)
- BACnet Building Controller (B-BC)
- BACnet Advanced Application Controller (B-AAC)
- BACnet Application Specific Controller (B-ASC)
- BACnet Smart Sensor (B-SS)
- BACnet Smart Actuator (B-SA)

## List all BACnet Interoperability Building Blocks Supported (Annex K):

DS-RP-B	DM-DDB-B
DS-WP-B	DM-DOB-B
DS-RPM-B	DM-DCC-B

## Segmentation Capability:

Segmented requests not supported

Segmented responses not supported

**Standard Object Types Supported:**

	<b>Dynamically Createable</b>	<b>Dynamically Deleteable</b>	<b>Optional Properties Supported</b>	<b>Writable Properties (Data Type)</b>
<b>Analog Input</b>	No	No		
<b>Analog Value</b>	No	No		Present_Value (Real)
<b>Binary Input</b>	No	No	Active_Text, Inactive_Text	
<b>Binary Value</b>	No	No	Active_Text, Inactive_Text	Present_Value (Enumerated)
<b>Multi-state Input</b>	No	No	State_Text	
<b>Multi-state Value</b>	No	No	State_Text	Present_Value (Unsigned Int)
<b>Device Object</b>	No	No		Object Name (Char String) Max Master (Unsigned Int)

**Data Link Layer Options:**

- BACnet IP, (Annex J)
- BACnet IP, (Annex J), Foreign Device
- ISO 8802-3, Ethernet (Clause 7)
- ANSI/ATA 878.1, 2.5 Mb. ARCNET (Clause 8)
- ANSI/ATA 878.1, RS-485 ARCNET (Clause 8), baud rate(s)
- MS/TP master (Clause 9), baud rate(s): 76.8k 38.4k, 19.2k, 9600 bps
- MS/TP slave (Clause 9), baud rate(s):
- Point-To-Point, EIA 232 (Clause 10), baud rate(s):
- Point-To-Point, modem, (Clause 10), baud rate(s):
- LonTalk, (Clause 11), medium:
- Other:

**Device Address Binding:**

Is static device binding supported? (This is currently necessary for two-way communication with MS/TP slaves and certain other devices.)  Yes  No

**Networking Options:**

- Router, Clause 6 - List all routing configurations, e.g., ARCNET-Ethernet, Ethernet-MS/TP, etc.
- Annex H, BACnet Tunneling Router over IP
- BACnet/IP Broadcast Management Device (BBMD)

**Character Sets Supported:**

Indicating support for multiple character sets does not imply that they can all be supported simultaneously.

- ANSI X3.4
- IBM®/Microsoft® DBCS
- ISO 8859-1
- ISO 10646 (UCS-2)
- ISO 10646 (UCS-4)
- JIS C 6226

**If this product is a communication gateway, describe the types of non-BACnet equipment/networks(s) that the gateway supports:**

Not Applicable

## Model 8631-CRM-BAC BACnet® MS/TP Object Set

Object Type	Device Instance	*Units	Description	
Analog Input	1	ft/min, m/s, "H <sub>2</sub> O, Pa	Room Pressure	
Analog Input	2	ft/min, m/s, "H <sub>2</sub> O, Pa	Sec Sens Pressure	
Analog Input	3	cfm, l/s	Supply#1 Flow Rate	
Analog Input	4	cfm, l/s	Supply#2 Flow Rate	
Analog Input	5		Air Changes Per Hour	
Analog Value	1		MAC Address	1 to 127
Analog Value	2	ft/min, m/s, "H <sub>2</sub> O, Pa	Low Alarm	-0.19500 to +0.195000 "H <sub>2</sub> O
Analog Value	3	ft/min, m/s, "H <sub>2</sub> O, Pa	High Alarm	-0.19500 to +0.195000 "H <sub>2</sub> O
Analog Value	4	ft/min, m/s, "H <sub>2</sub> O, Pa	Sec Low Alarm	-0.19500 to 0.19500 "H <sub>2</sub> O
Analog Value	5	ft/min, m/s, "H <sub>2</sub> O, Pa	Sec High Alarm	-0.19500 to 0.19500 "H <sub>2</sub> O
Analog Value	6	cfm, l/s	Min Supply Alarm	0 to 30,000 cfm
Multi-State Input	1		Status Index	1 Normal 2 Low Alarm 3 High Alarm 4 Min Supply Alarm 5 Sec Sens Low Alarm 6 Sec Sens High Alarm 7 Data Error
Multi-State Value	2		Units Value	1 ft/min 2 m/s 3 "H <sub>2</sub> O 4 Pa
Multi-State Value	3		Mute Mode	1 Take out of mute mode 2 Put into mute mode 3 Normal mode
Device	863001**		TSI8631-CRM	

\* The units are based on the value of the Units Value object. When the Units Value is set to 1 or 3 the units are in English form. When the Units Value is set to 2 or 4 the units are metric. English is the default value.

\*\* The device instance is 863000, summed with the MAC address of the device.



## Model 8631-CRC BACnet® MS/TP Object Set

Object Type	Device Instance	*Units	Description	
Analog Input	1	ft/min, m/s, "H <sub>2</sub> O, Pa**	Room Pressure	
Analog Input	2	ft/min, m/s, "H <sub>2</sub> O, Pa**	Sec Sens Pressure	
Analog Input	3	cfm, l/s	Supply #1 Flow Rate	
Analog Input	4	cfm, l/s	Supply #2 Flow Rate	
Analog Input	5		Air Changes Per Hour	
Analog Input	6	%	Supply Damper Position	
Analog Input	7	%	Exhaust Damper Position	
Analog Value	1		MAC Address	1 to 127
Analog Value	2	ft/min, m/s, "H <sub>2</sub> O, Pa	Pressure Setpoint	-0.195000 to -0.19500 "H <sub>2</sub> O
Analog Value	3	cfm, l/s	Supply Setpoint	0 to 30,000 cfm
Analog Value	4	ft/min, m/s, "H <sub>2</sub> O, Pa	Low Alarm	-0.195000 to -0.19500 "H <sub>2</sub> O
Analog Value	5	ft/min, m/s, "H <sub>2</sub> O, Pa	High Alarm	-0.195000 to -0.19500 "H <sub>2</sub> O
Analog Value	6	ft/min, m/s, "H <sub>2</sub> O, Pa	Sec Low Alarm	-0.19500 to 0.19500 "H <sub>2</sub> O
Analog Value	7	ft/min, m/s, "H <sub>2</sub> O, Pa	Sec High Alarm	-0.19500 to 0.19500 "H <sub>2</sub> O
Analog Value	8	cfm, l/s	Min Supply Alarm	0 to 30,000 cfm
Multi-State Input	1		Status Index	1 Normal 2 Low Alarm 3 High Alarm 4 Min Supply Alarm 5 Sec Sens Low Alarm 6 Sec Sens High Alarm 7 Data Error 8 Emergency
Multi-State Value	2		Units Value	1 ft/min 2 m/s 3 "H <sub>2</sub> O 4 Pa
Multi-State Value	3		Emergency Mode	1 Exit Emergency Mode 2 Enter Emergency Mode 3 Normal
Device	863001***		TSI8631-CRC	

\* The units are based on the value of the Units Value object. When the Units Value is set to 1 or 3 the units are in English form. When the Units Value is set to 2 or 4 the units are metric. English is the default value.

\*\* Units will only be "H<sub>2</sub>O or Pa when pressure transducers are used to measure room pressure differential.

\*\*\* The device instance is 863000, summed with the MAC address of the device.

## Appendix C

### Wiring Diagrams

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#### 8631-CRM Back Panel Wiring

PIN #	DIM Input / Output / Communication	Description
1, 2	Input	24 VAC to power Digital Interface Module (DIM) and sensor. <b>NOTE:</b> 24 VAC becomes polarized when connected to DIM.
3, 4	Output	24 VAC power for Pressure Sensor
5, 6	Input	0 to 10 VDC pressure sensor signal
7, 8	Communications	RS-485 communications between DIM and pressure sensor
9, 10	Not Used	
11, 12	Input	0 to 10 VDC pressure sensor signal (second sensor)
13, 14	Output	Alarm relay - N.O., closes in alarm condition. See menu items: <a href="#">LOW ALM</a> , <a href="#">HIGH ALM</a> , <a href="#">2 LOW ALM</a> , <a href="#">2 HIGH ALM</a> <a href="#">MIN SUP ALM</a>
15, 16	Not Used	
17, 18	Not Used	
19, 20	Input	0 to 10 VDC flow station signal
21, 22	Input	0 to 10 VDC flow station signal
23, 24	Not Used	
25, 26	Output	0 to 10 VDC pressure differential signal. See menu item <a href="#">OUTPUT SIG</a>
27, 28	Communications	LonWorks <sup>®</sup> / BACnet <sup>®</sup> communications to building management system.

**WARNING:** The wiring diagram shows polarity on many pairs of pins: + / -, H / N, A / B. Damage to the DIM may occur if polarity is not observed.

## 8631-CRC Back Panel Wiring

PIN #	DIM Input / Output / Communication	Description
1, 2	Input	24 VAC to power Digital Interface Module (DIM) and sensor. <b>NOTE:</b> 24 VAC becomes polarized when connected to DIM.
3, 4	Output	24 VAC power for Pressure Sensor
5, 6	Input	0 to 10 VDC pressure sensor signal
7, 8	Communications	RS-485 communications between DIM and pressure sensor
9, 10	Output	0 to 10 VDC control signal. 10 VDC = open (n.o. damper). See menu item <a href="#">CONTROL EXH.</a>
11, 12	Input	0 to 10 VDC pressure sensor signal (second sensor)
13, 14	Output	Alarm relay - N.O., closes in alarm condition. See menu items: <a href="#">LOW ALM</a> , <a href="#">HIGH ALM</a> , <a href="#">2 LOW ALM</a> , <a href="#">2 HIGH ALM MIN SUP ALM</a>
15, 16	Not Used	
17, 18	Output	0 to 10 VDC control signal. 10 VDC = open (n.o. damper). See menu item <a href="#">CONTROL SIG.</a>
19, 20	Input	0 to 10 VDC flow station signal
21, 22	Input	0 to 10 VDC flow station signal
23, 24	Not Used	
25, 26	Output	0 to 10 VDC pressure differential signal. See menu item <a href="#">OUTPUT SIG</a> 0 to 10 VDC control signal. 10 VDC = open (n.o. damper). See menu item <a href="#">CONTROL SUP.</a>
27, 28	Communications	LonWorks <sup>®</sup> / BACnet <sup>®</sup> communications to building management system.

**WARNING:** The wiring diagram shows polarity on many pairs of pins: + / -, H / N, A / B. Damage to the DIM may occur if polarity is not observed.

### **Jumper Wiring Information - Damper Systems**

The Model 8630 PresSura Room Pressure Controller modulates electric actuated dampers mounted in the exhaust or supply ducts. The TSI damper/actuators are shipped configured to be mounted in the exhaust duct. The actuators have a jumper installed to meet the exhaust duct configuration. If the damper is mounted in the supply duct, the damper will probably rotate in the opposite direction. The menu item [CONTROL SIG](#) ([CONTROL](#) menu) reverses the control output to eliminate the problem. Changing the jumper on the actuator is not normally required.

### **Dip Switch Configurations**

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Electric Actuator

P/N 800370

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<b><u>Damper Location</u></b>	<b><u>DIP Switch</u></b>
Supply Air	On (reverse)
Exhaust Air	Off (direct)

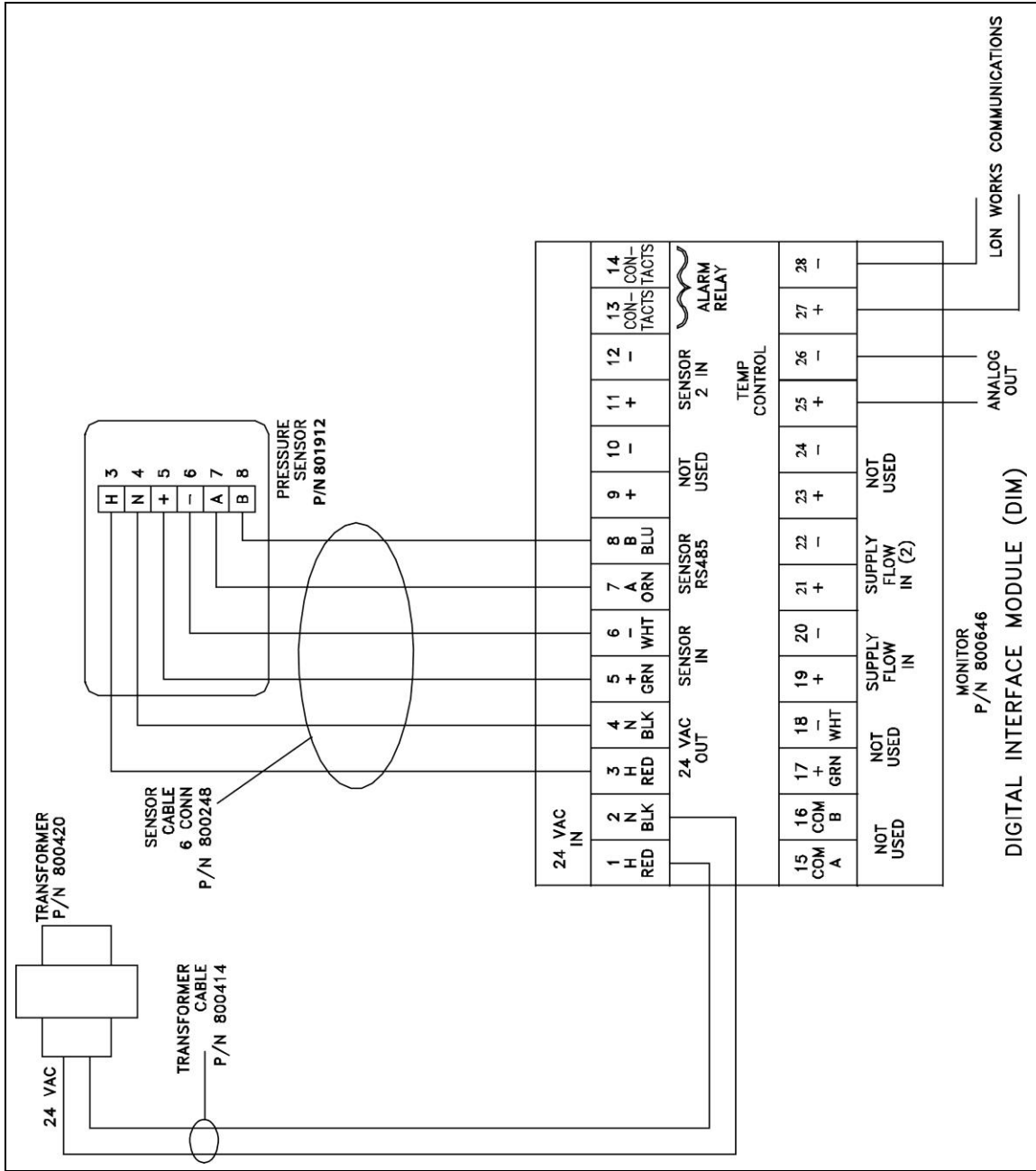


Figure 10: Wiring Diagram – 8631-CRM-S Monitor

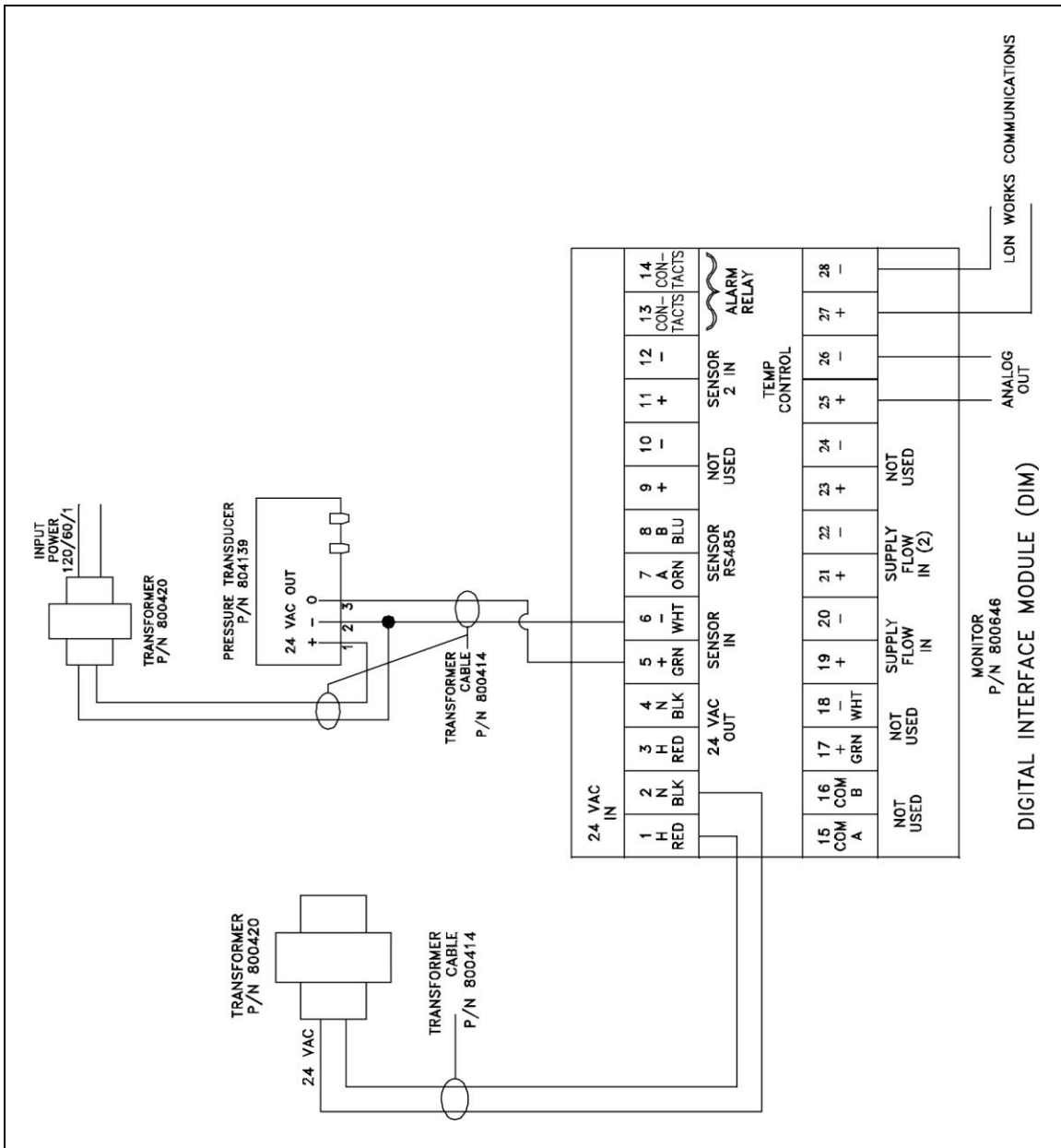


Figure 11: Wiring Diagram – 8631-CRM-P Monitor

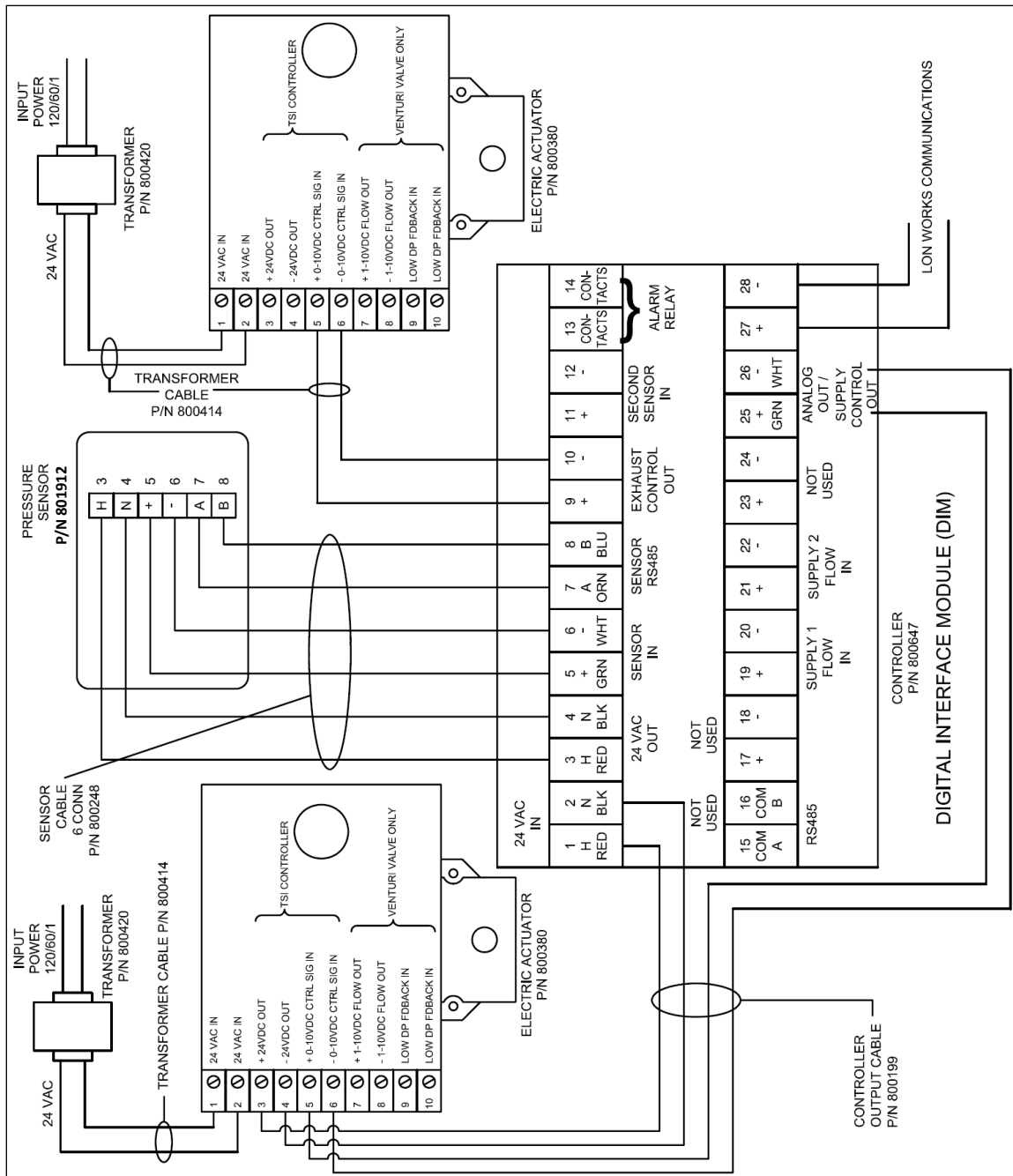


Figure 12: Wiring Diagram- Model 8631-CRC-S Typical Application w/LonWorks®/BACnet® Communications, and Electric Actuator

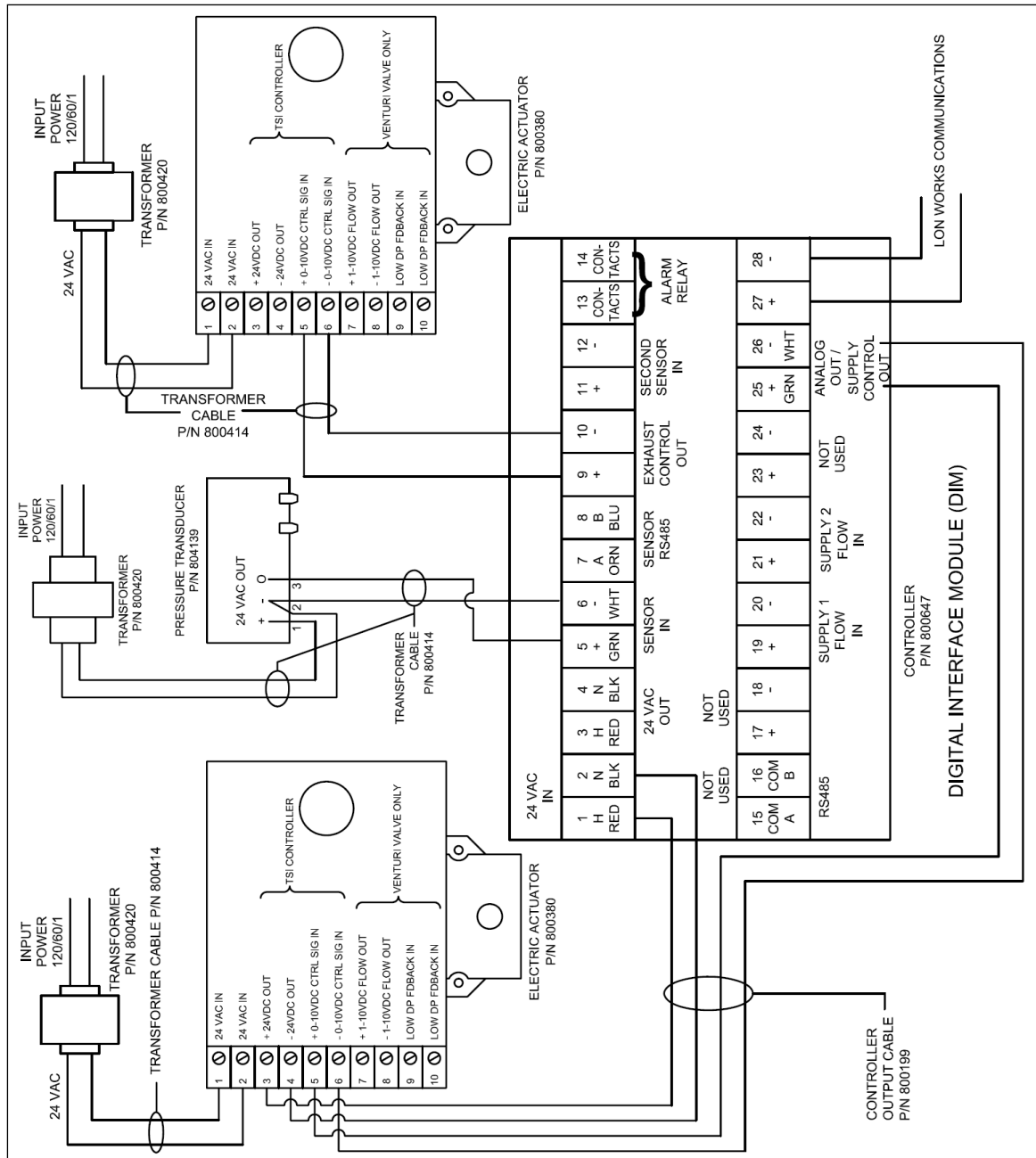


Figure 13: Wiring Diagram – Model 8631-CRC-P Typical Application w/LonWorks®/BACnet® Communications, and Electric Actuator

Алматы (7273)495-231  
 Ангарск (3955)60-70-56  
 Архангельск (8182)63-90-72  
 Астрахань (8512)99-46-04  
 Барнаул (3852)73-04-60  
 Белгород (4722)40-23-64  
 Благовещанск (4162)22-76-07  
 Брянск (4832)59-03-52  
 Владивосток (423)249-28-31  
 Владикавказ (8672)28-90-48  
 Владимир (4922)49-43-18  
 Волгоград (844)278-03-48  
 Вологда (8172)26-41-59  
 Воронеж (473)204-51-73  
 Екатеринбург (343)384-55-89

Иваново (4932)77-34-06  
 Ижевск (3412)26-03-58  
 Иркутск (395)279-98-46  
 Казань (843)206-01-48  
 Калининград (4012)72-03-81  
 Калуга (4842)92-23-67  
 Кемерово (3842)65-04-62  
 Киров (8332)68-02-04  
 Коломна (4966)23-41-49  
 Кострома (4942)77-07-48  
 Краснодар (861)203-40-90  
 Красноярск (391)204-63-61  
 Курск (4712)77-13-04  
 Курган (3522)50-90-47  
 Липецк (4742)52-20-81

Магнитогорск (3519)55-03-13  
 Москва (495)268-04-70  
 Мурманск (8152)59-64-93  
 Набережные Челны (8552)20-53-41  
 Нижний Новгород (831)429-08-12  
 Новокузнецк (3843)20-46-81  
 Ноябрьск (3496)41-32-12  
 Новосибирск (383)227-86-73  
 Омск (3812)21-46-40  
 Орел (4862)44-53-42  
 Оренбург (3532)37-68-04  
 Пенза (8412)22-31-16  
 Петрозаводск (8142)55-98-37  
 Псков (812)59-10-37  
 Пермь (342)205-81-47

Ростов-на-Дону (863)308-18-15  
 Рязань (4912)46-61-64  
 Самара (846)206-03-16  
 Санкт-Петербург (812)309-46-40  
 Саратов (845)249-38-78  
 Севастополь (8692)22-31-93  
 Саранск (8342)22-96-24  
 Симферополь (3652)67-13-56  
 Смоленск (4812)29-41-54  
 Сочи (862)225-72-31  
 Ставрополь (8652)20-65-13  
 Сургут (3462)77-98-35  
 Сыктывкар (8212)25-95-17  
 Тамбов (4752)50-40-97  
 Тверь (4822)63-31-35

Тольятти (8482)63-91-07  
 Томск (3822)98-41-53  
 Тула (4872)33-79-87  
 Тюмень (3452)66-21-18  
 Ульяновск (8422)24-23-59  
 Улан-Удэ (3012)59-97-51  
 Уфа (347)229-48-12  
 Хабаровск (4212)92-98-04  
 Чебоксары (8352)28-53-07  
 Челябинск (351)202-03-61  
 Череповец (8202)49-02-64  
 Чита (3022)38-34-83  
 Якутск (4112)23-90-97  
 Ярославль (4852)69-52-93

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